

# The GTT Aluminium database

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# Introduction:

## Why an additional Al-database?

- starting from existing database (former project, exp. results)
- several metastable phases in Al-Mg-Si system considered by Povoden-Karadeniz et al.<sup>1</sup> (great importance for production of light-weight alloys)
- more emphasis on experimental results ( $c_p$ -functions)



<sup>1</sup>E. Povoden-Karadeniz, P. Lang, P. Warczok, A. Falahati, W. Jun, E. Kozeschnik, Calphad 43 (2013) 94

# Database:

GTT-Technologies

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## Contents:

**elements 8:**

**Al, Cu, Fe, Mg, Mn, Ni, Pb, Si**

**binary systems (28/28):**

**Al-Cu, Al-Fe, Al-Mg, Al-Mn, Al-Ni,  
Al-Pb, Al-Si, Cu-Fe, Cu-Mg, Cu-Mn,  
Cu-Ni, Cu-Pb, Cu-Si, Fe-Mg, Fe-Mn,  
Fe-Ni, Fe-Pb, Fe-Si, Mg-Mn, Mg-Ni,  
Mg-Pb, Mg-Si, Mn-Ni, Mn-Pb,  
Mn-Si, Ni-Pb, Ni-Si, Pb-Si,  
(Al-Zr) optimised**



# Database:

GTT-Technologies

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**ternary systems (10/56):**

**Al-Cu-Mg, Al-Cu-Si, Al-Fe-Mg,  
Al-Fe-Ni, Al-Mg-Si, Cu-Fe-Ni,  
Al-Fe-Mn, Al-Fe-Si, Al-Mg-Mn,  
Al-Mn-Si**

**ternary systems containing Al (9/21) ⇒ still not complete**

**solution phases: 65**

**stoichiometr. condensed phases: 52**

**reference states for elements (s, l)**



# Database:

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metastable Al,Mg,Si phases contained in the database<sup>1</sup>:

CL_MGSI	MgSi-co-clusters	(Mg,Si) <sub>1</sub>
GP_MAT	Guinier-Preston-zones (GP) “Matsuda-phase” ordered FCC phase	(Al,Mg,Si) <sub>1</sub> (Al,Mg,Si) <sub>1</sub> (Al,Mg,Si) <sub>1</sub> (Al,Mg,Si) <sub>1</sub>
Al <sub>2</sub> Mg <sub>5</sub> Si <sub>4</sub>	Al-β''	(Al) <sub>2</sub> (Mg) <sub>5</sub> (Si) <sub>4</sub>
Al <sub>4</sub> Mg <sub>8</sub> Si <sub>7</sub>	B' <sub>H</sub>	(Al) <sub>4</sub> (Mg) <sub>8</sub> (Si) <sub>7</sub>
Al <sub>3</sub> Mg <sub>9</sub> Si <sub>7</sub>	B' <sub>L</sub>	(Al) <sub>3</sub> (Mg) <sub>9</sub> (Si) <sub>7</sub>
Mg <sub>9</sub> Si <sub>5</sub>	β'	(Mg) <sub>9</sub> (Si) <sub>5</sub>
Mg <sub>5</sub> Si <sub>6</sub>	β''	(Mg) <sub>5</sub> (Si) <sub>6</sub>
u1_phase	u1	(Al) <sub>2</sub> (Mg) <sub>1</sub> (Si) <sub>2</sub>
u2_phase	u2	(Al) <sub>1</sub> (Mg) <sub>1</sub> (Si) <sub>1</sub>

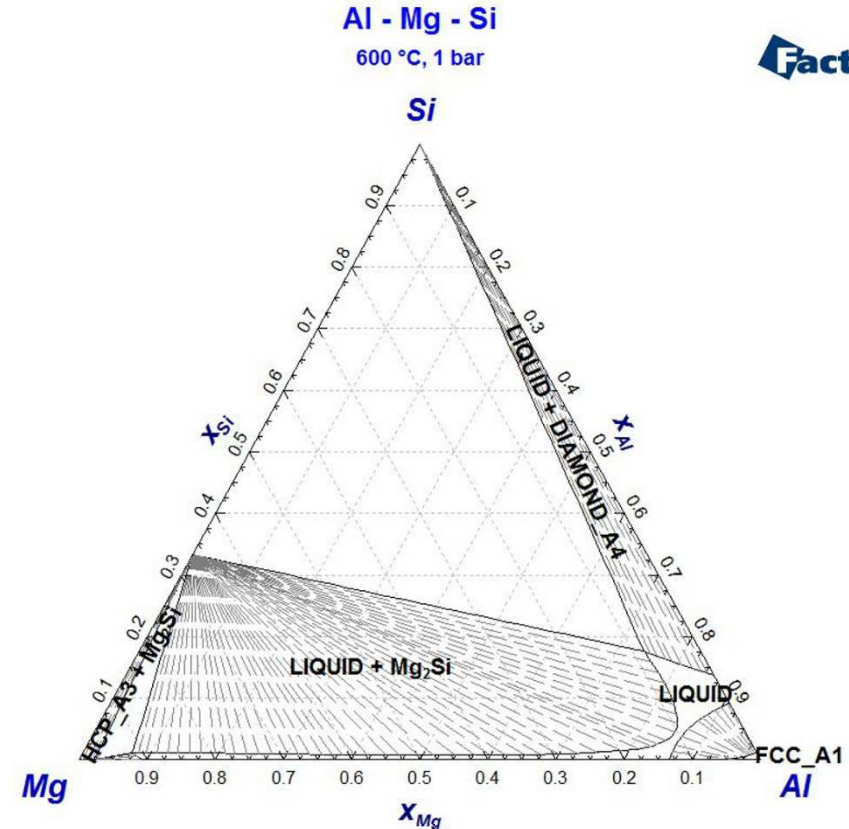
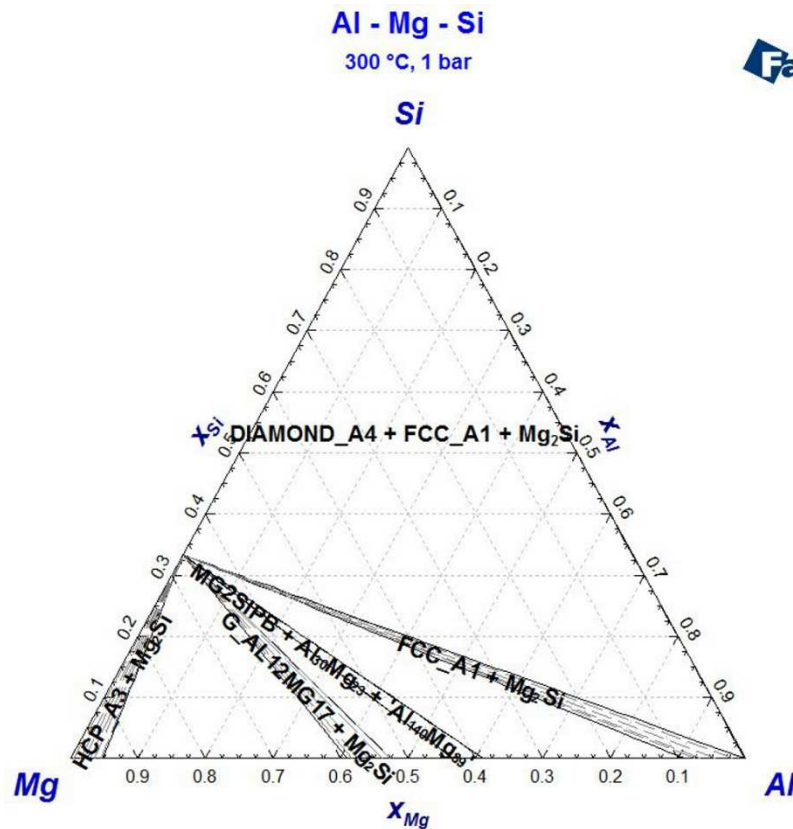


<sup>1</sup>E. Povoden-Karadeniz, P. Lang, P. Warczok, A. Falahati, W. Jun, E. Kozeschnik, Calphad 43 (2013) 94

# The ternary Al-Mg-Si system:

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## isothermal cross sections (300°C, 600°C)



dominating phase:  $Mg_2Si$



# The ternary system Al-Fe-Ni

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ternary system Al-Fe-Ni neither in SGTE nor FSstel

Thermodynamic assessment from literature:



Available online at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)



Acta Materialia 57 (2009) 5324–5341



[www.elsevier.com/locate/actamat](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/actamat)

Thermodynamic properties of the Al–Fe–Ni system acquired  
via a hybrid approach combining calorimetry,  
first-principles and CALPHAD

Lijun Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Jiong Wang<sup>a</sup>, Yong Du<sup>a,\*</sup>, Rongxiang Hu<sup>b</sup>, Philip Nash<sup>b</sup>,  
Xiao-Gang Lu<sup>c</sup>, Chao Jiang<sup>a</sup>

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<sup>b</sup> Thermal Processing Technology Centre, Illinois Institute of Technology, 10 West, 32nd Street, Chicago, IL 60616, USA

<sup>c</sup> Thermo-Calc Software AB, Björnåsvägen 21, 113 47 Stockholm, Sweden

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Available online 21 August 2009

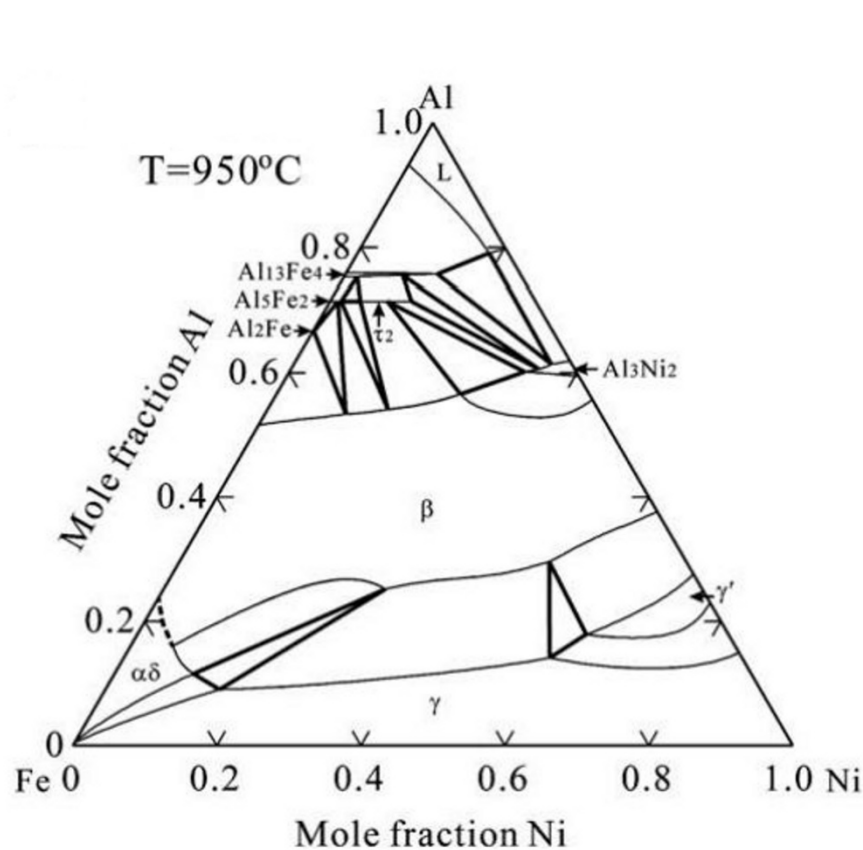
incorporation into database after critical inspection!



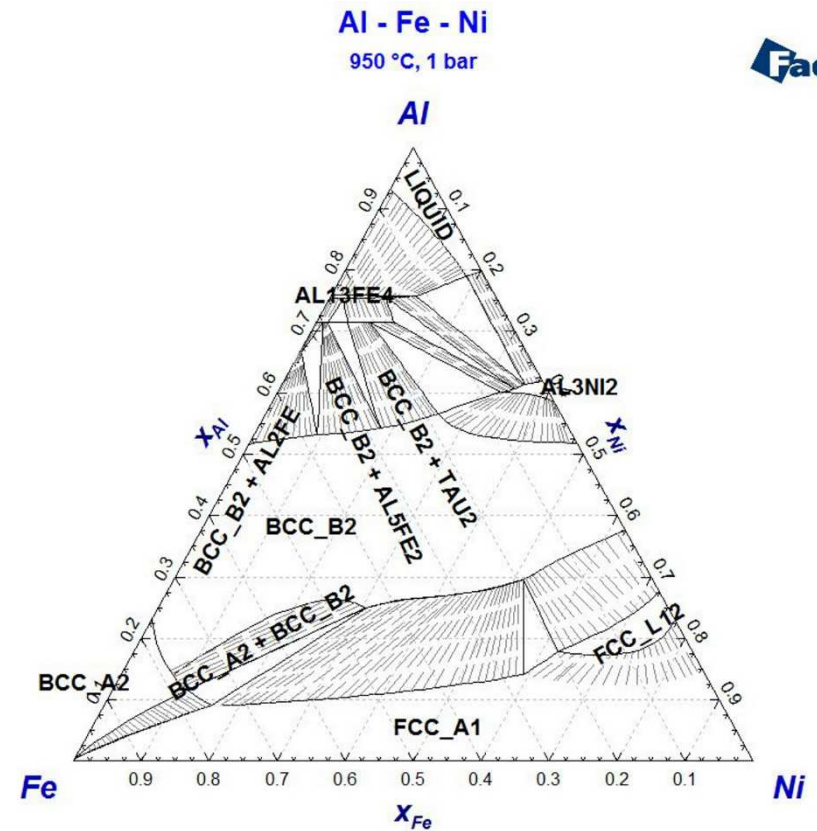
# The ternary system Al-Fe-Ni

GTT-Technologies

comparison of isothermal sections:



Zhang et al. (2009)



calculated from database



FactSage™

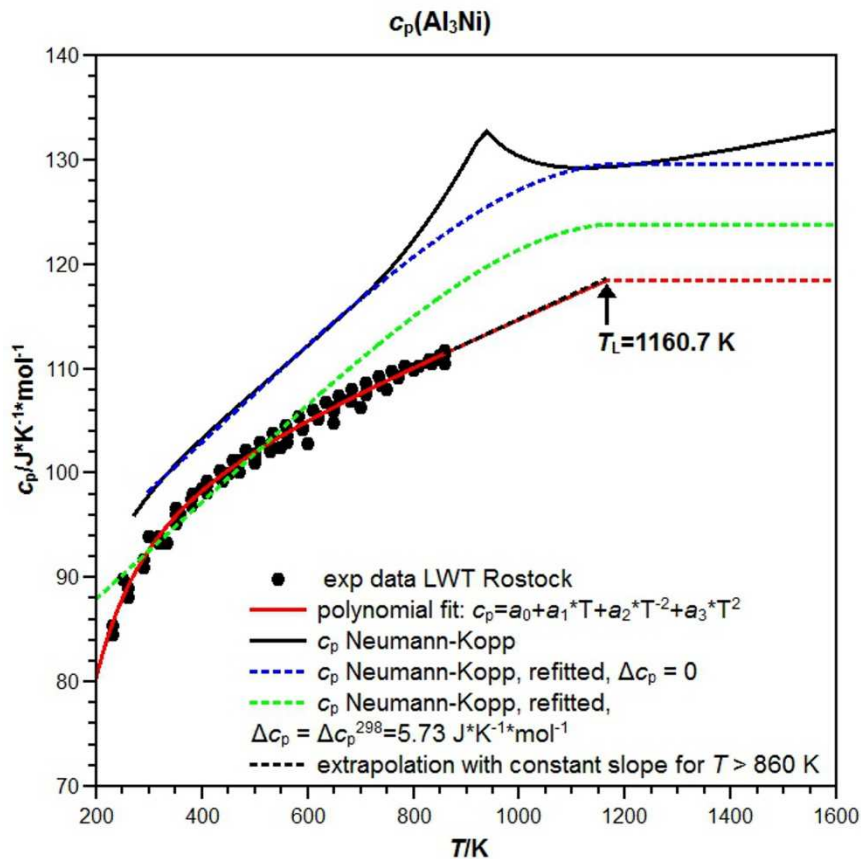


# Experimental data for $c_p$ :

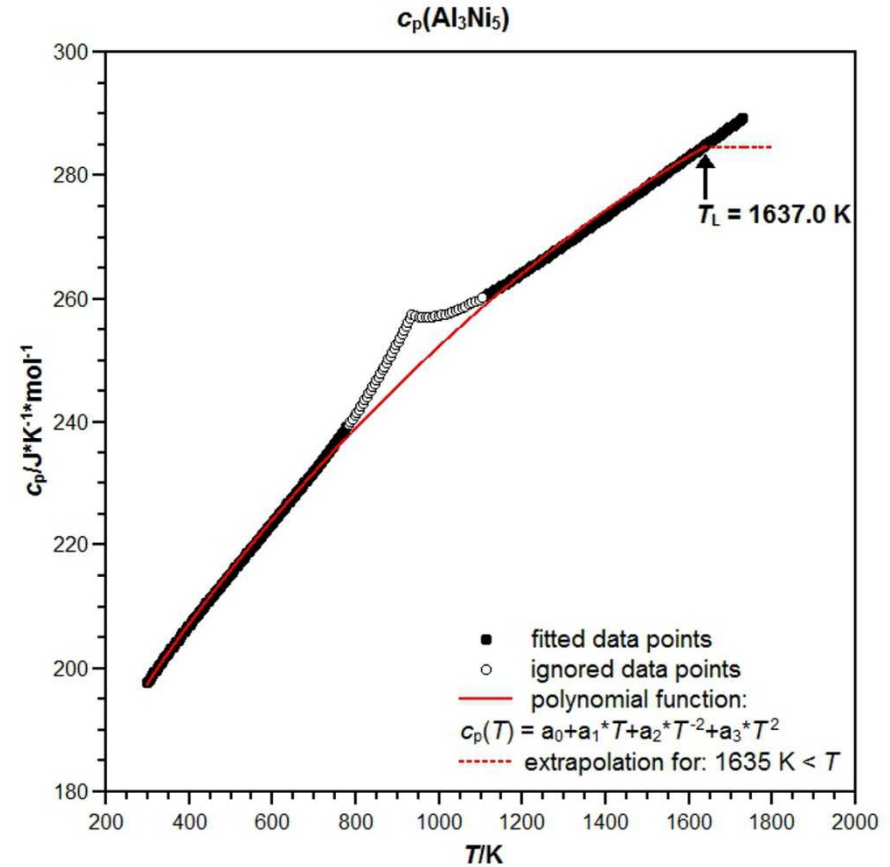
GTT-Technologies

## Al-Ni binary system:

### $c_p(\text{Al}_3\text{Ni})$ : (LWT Rostock)



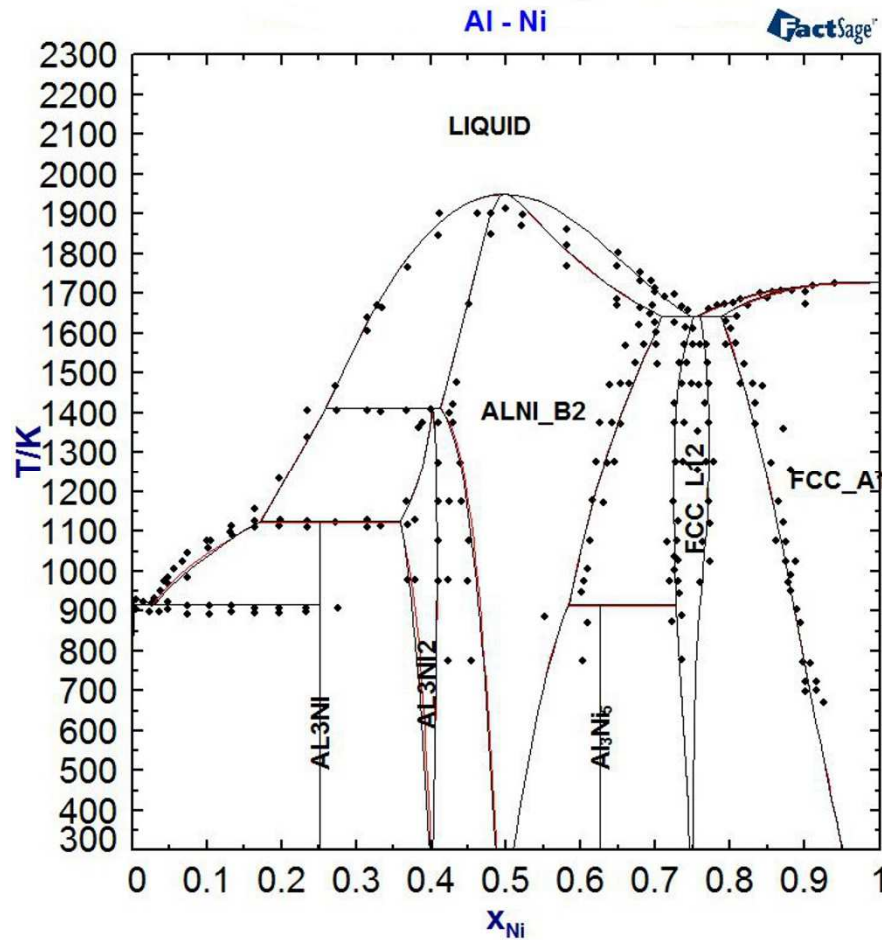
### $c_p(\text{Al}_3\text{Ni}_5)$ : refitted Neumann-Kopp



# Experimental data for $c_p$ :

GTT-Technologies

## reoptimization of binary Al-Ni:



comparison between:

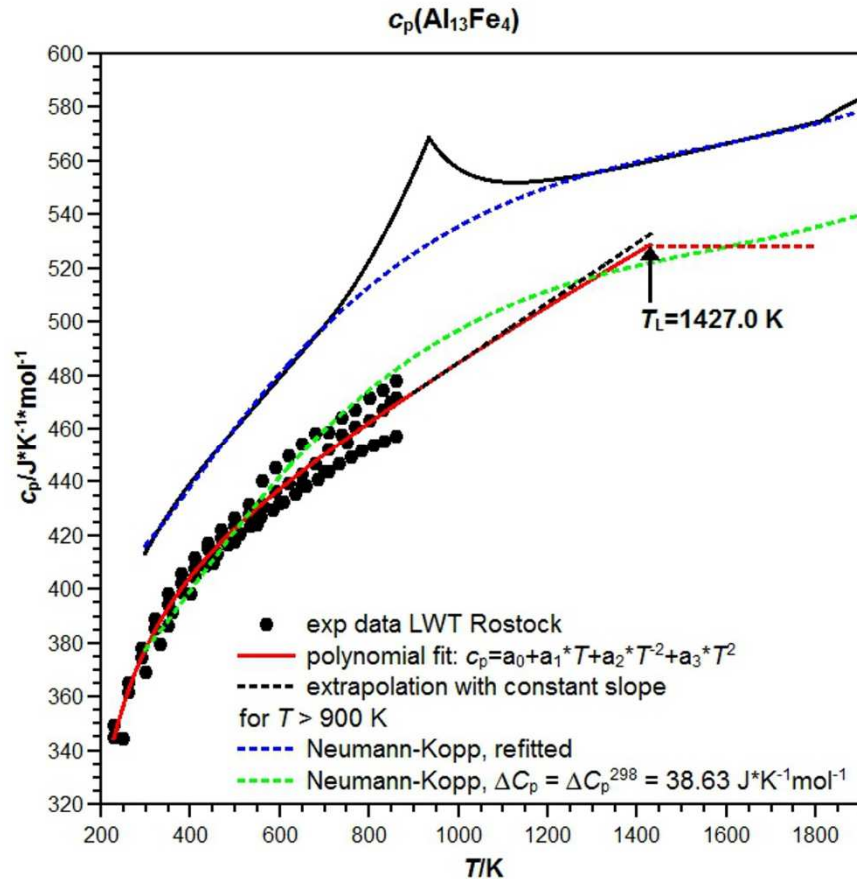
initial phase diagram  
(black),  
optimised phase diagram  
(red)  
experimental data



# Experimental data for $c_p$ :

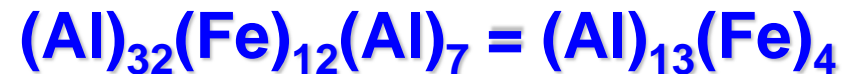
GTT-Technologies

## Al-Fe binary system:



AL13FE4 is non-stoichiometric  
(solution phase),  
modelled  $(\text{Al})_{32}(\text{Fe})_{12}(\text{Al}, \text{Va})_7$ ,

end-members:



**Assumption**

**(within experimental precision):**

$$c_p(\text{Al}_8\text{Fe}_3)/11 = c_p(\text{Al}_{13}\text{Fe}_4)/17$$

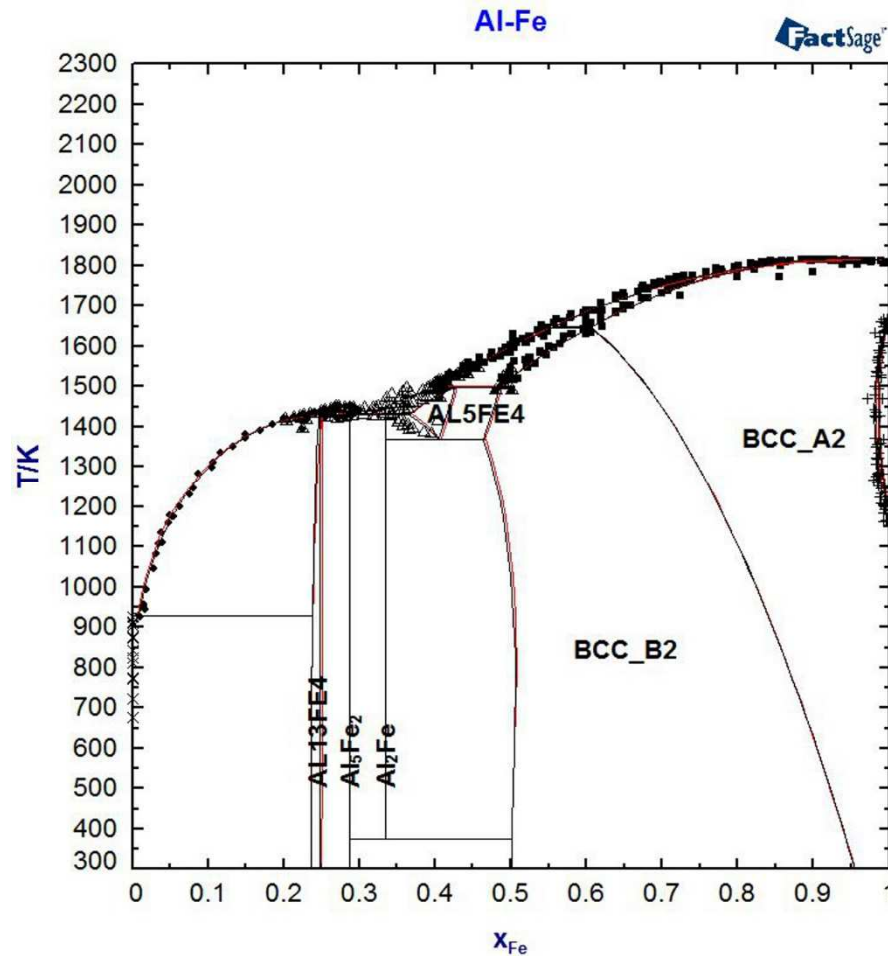
per moles of atoms



# Experimental data for $c_p$ :

GTT-Technologies

reoptimization of binary Al-Fe:



comparison between:

initial phase diagram  
(black),

optimised phase diagram  
(red)

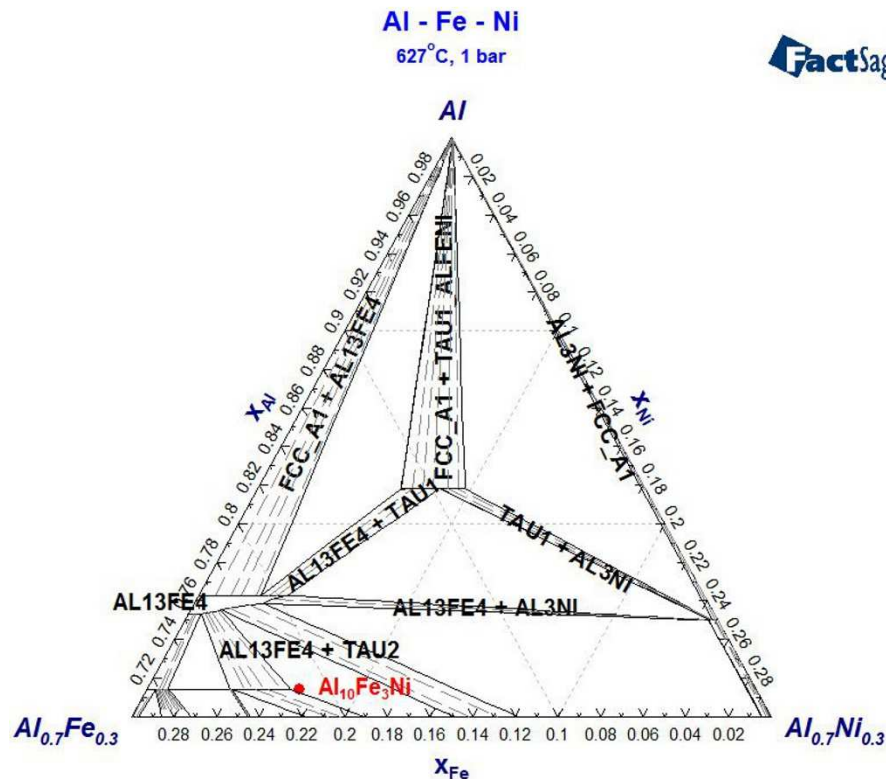
experimental data



# Experimental data for $c_p$ :

GTT-Technologies

## $c_p$ -measurement for $\text{Al}_{10}\text{Fe}_3\text{Ni}$ (TAU2) (LWT Rostock)



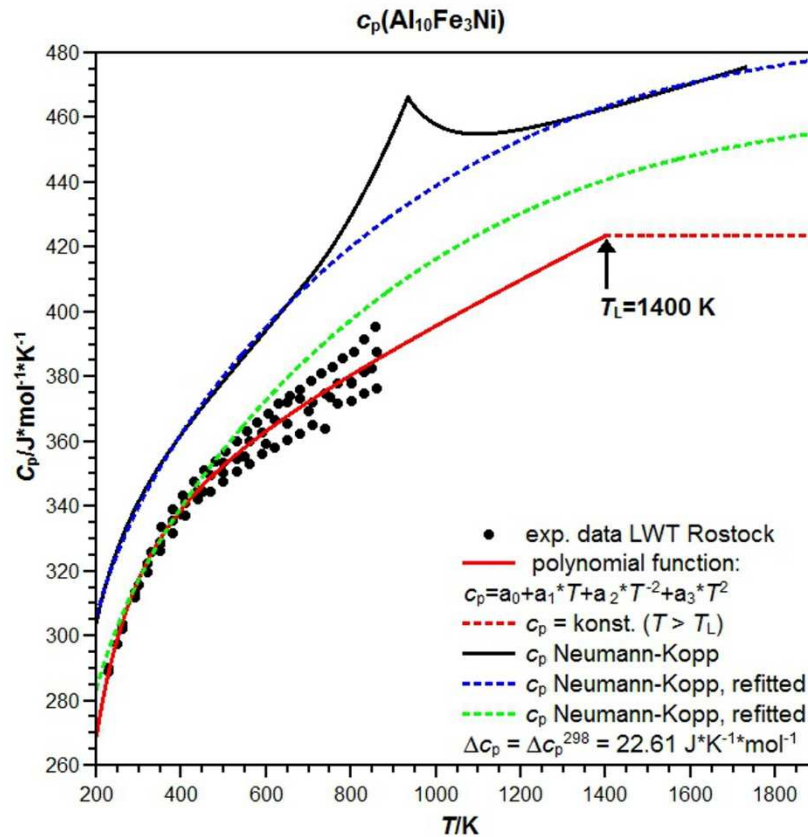
**TAU2:**  
model  $(\text{Al})_5(\text{Fe},\text{Ni})_2$   
end members:  
 $\text{Al}_5\text{Fe}_2 - \text{Al}_5\text{Ni}_2$



# Experimental data for $c_p$ :

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**TAU2:  $(Al)_5(Fe,Ni)_2$**   
**end members:  $Al_5Fe_2 - Al_5Ni_2$**



same assumption as  
for AL13FE4:

$c_p(Al_5Fe_2)/7 = c_p(Al_5Ni_2)/7 =$   
 $c_p(Al_{10}Fe_3Ni)/14$   
per mole of atoms

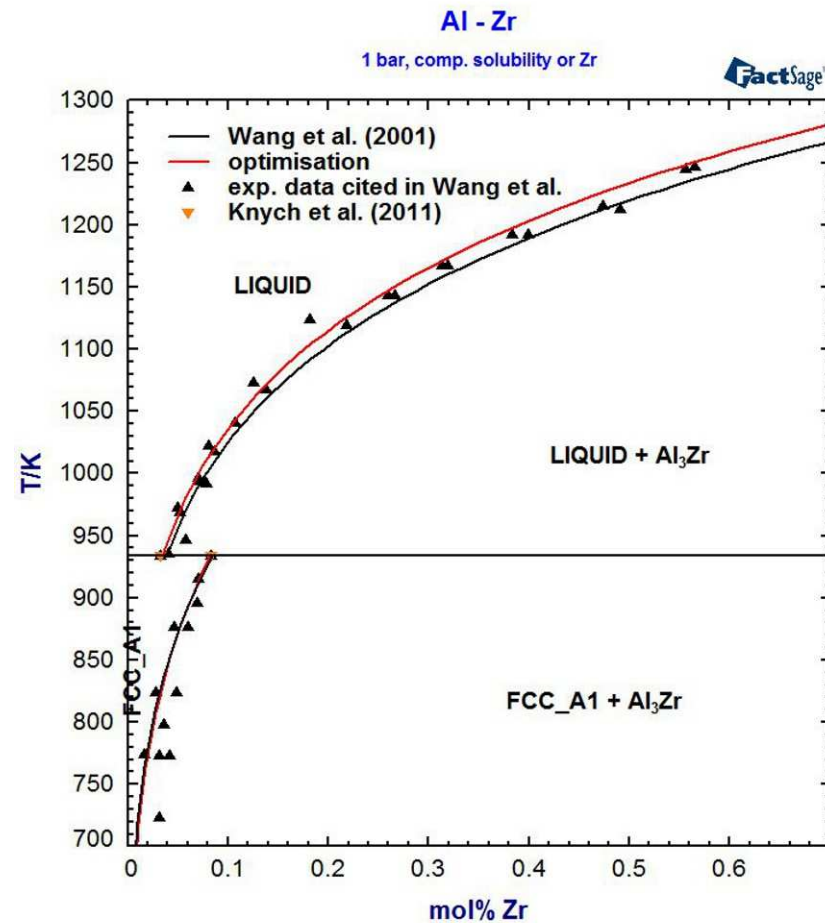
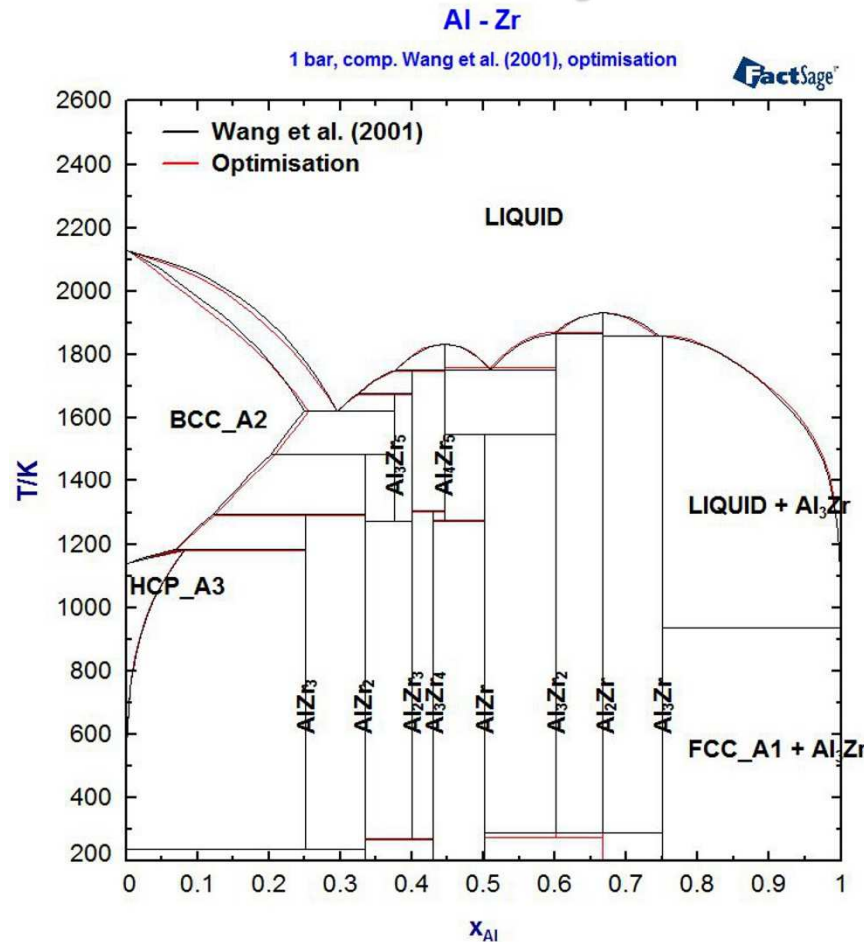
**Reoptimization of ternary  
Al-Fe-Ni system with  
experimentally based  $c_p$ -  
functions in progress**



# Experimental data for $c_p$ :

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binary system Al-Zr optimized with exp.  $c_p(\text{Al}_3\text{Zr})^2$  and solubility of Zr in Al(fcc) and LIQUID<sup>3</sup>



<sup>2</sup>T. Knych et al., Archives Met. Mater. 56(3) (2011) 685

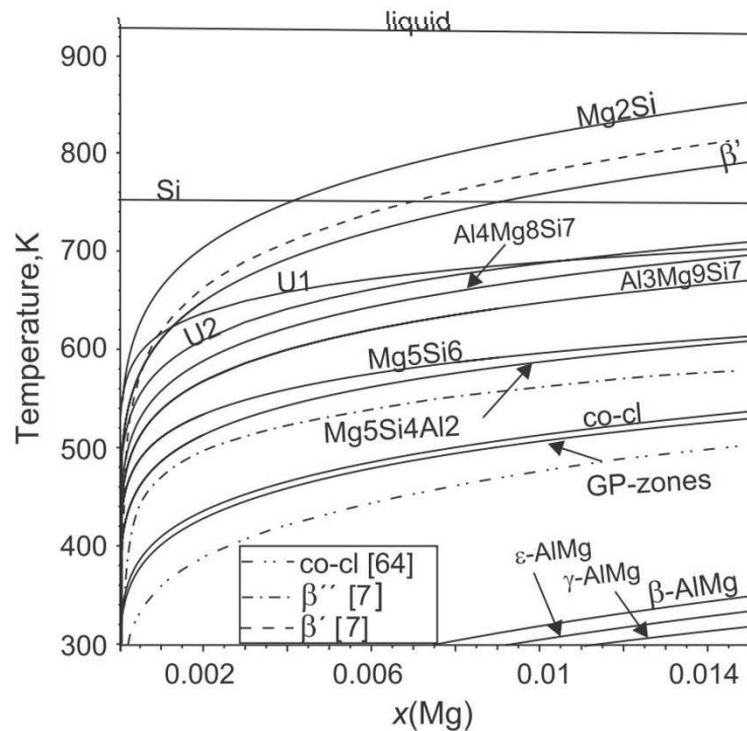
<sup>3</sup>LWT Rostock

# Metastable phases in Al-Mg-Si :

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metastable equilibria in Al-Mg-Si system of great importance for precipitation hardening<sup>1</sup>:

supersaturated solid solution (rt) → clusters → co-clusters → GP-zones →  $\beta''$  →  $\beta'$ ,  $\beta'_H$ ,  $\beta'_L$ ,  $u_1$ ,  $u_2$



solvi of metastable phases compared to  $Mg_2Si$  for an AA6016 alloy (0.76at% Si)<sup>2</sup>



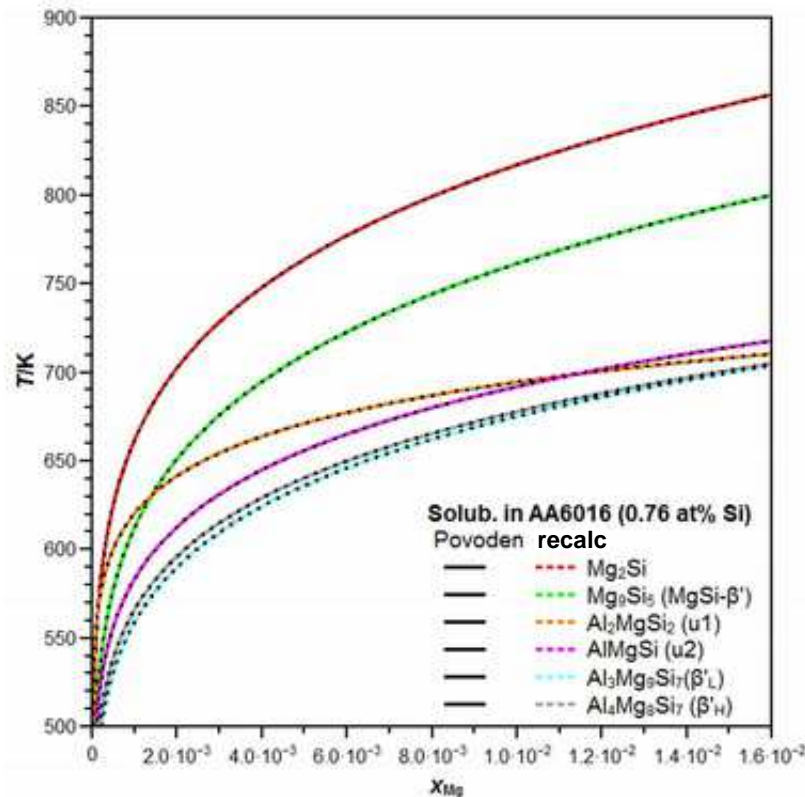
<sup>1</sup>E. Povoden-Karadeniz, P. Lang, P. Warczok, A. Falahati, W. Jun, E. Kozeschnik, Calphad 43 (2013) 94



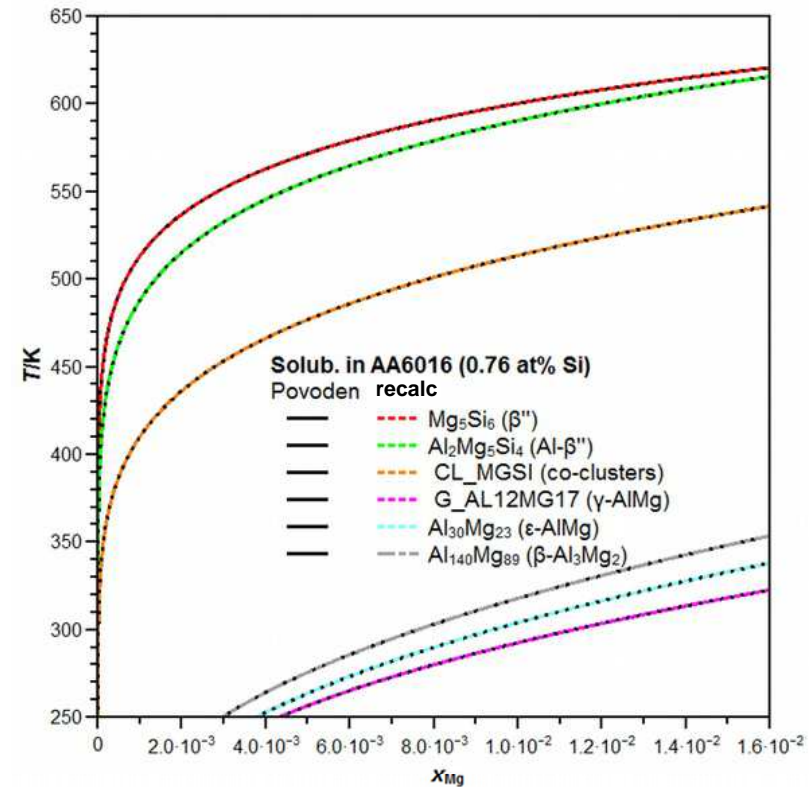
# Metastable phases in Al-Mg-Si :

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recalculation of solvi in Al(fcc),  
comp. to Povoden-Karadeniz et al.



stable phase:  $Mg_2Si$



stable phases:  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -,  $\epsilon$ -AlMg

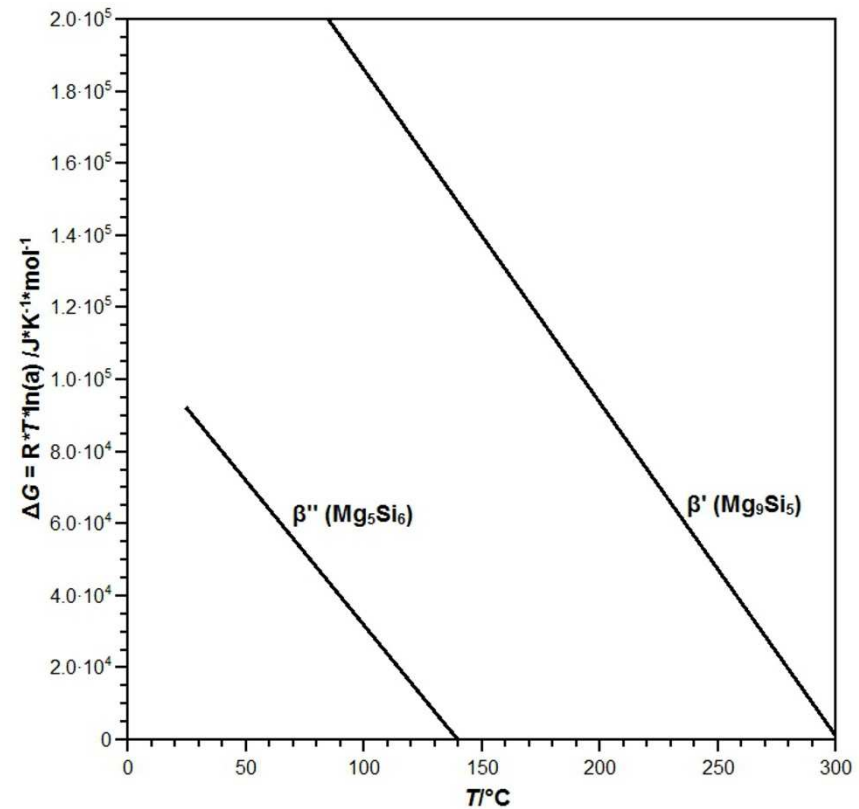
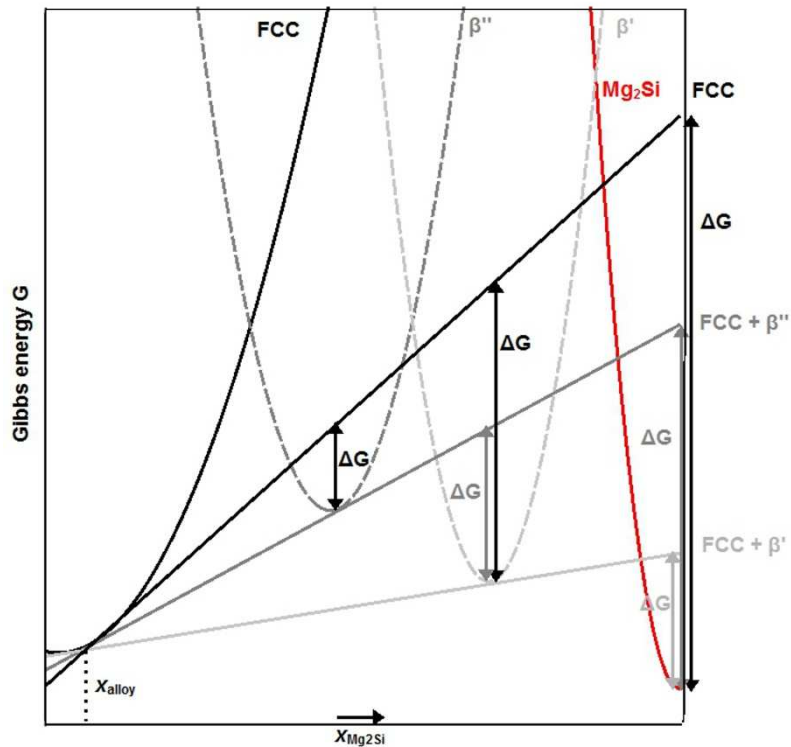


# Metastable phases in Al-Mg-Si :

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Gibbs energy diagram of selected metastable phases (sketch)

driving forces only FCC present

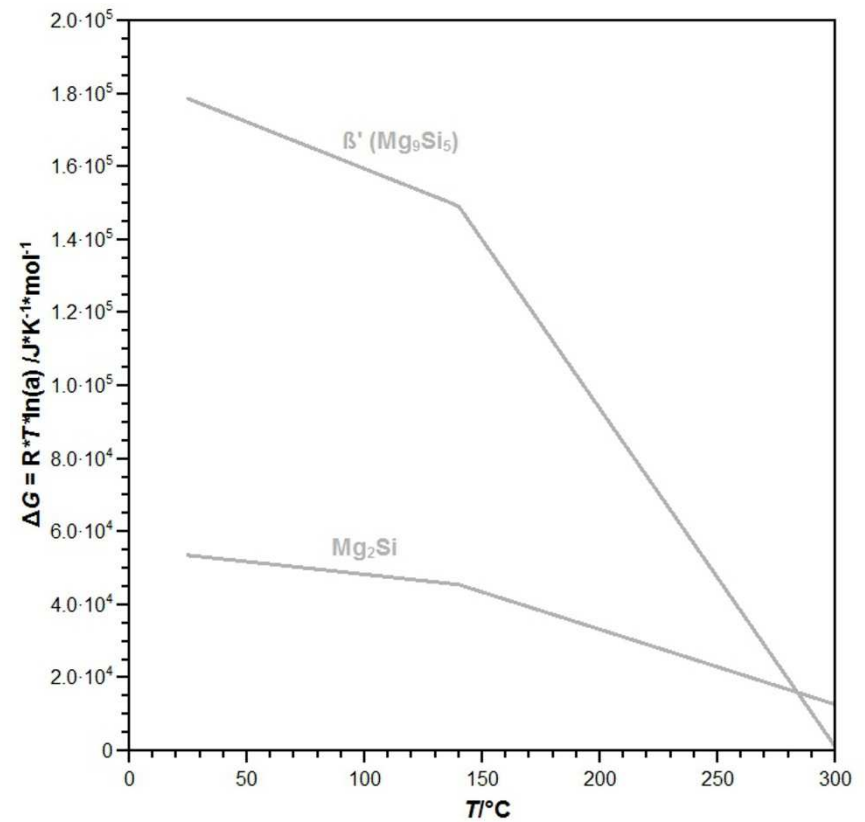
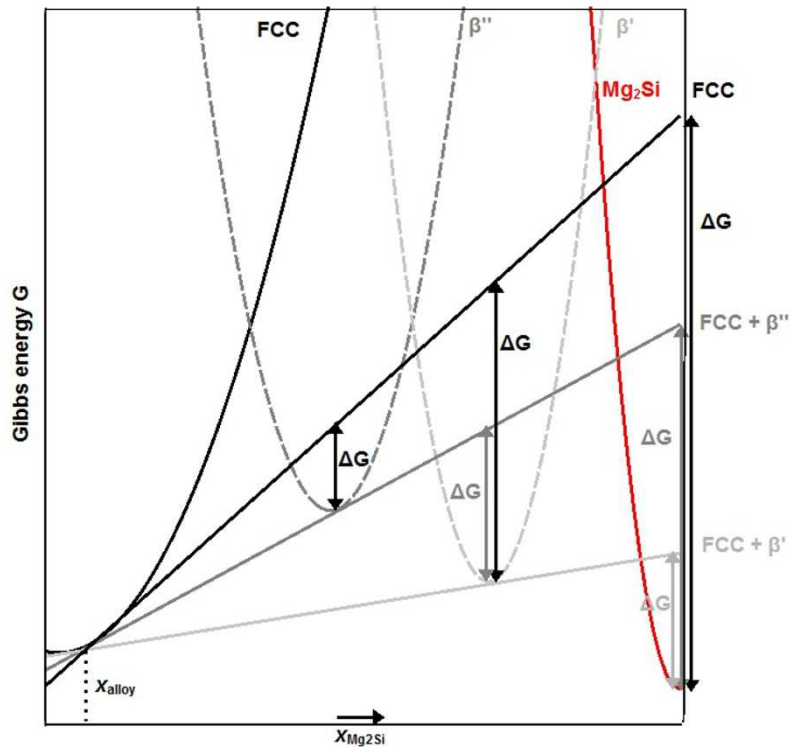


# Metastable phases in Al-Mg-Si :

GTT-Technologies

Gibbs energy diagram of selected metastable phases (sketch)

driving forces, FCC +  $\beta''$  present



# Summary:

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- **Actual contents of database:**  
8 elements, 28 binary-, 10 ternary systems, 65 solution phases, 52 stoichiometr. compounds, metastable phases (Al-Mg-Si: 9)
- **New thermodynamic assessment for Al-Fe-Ni (Zhang et al. 2009)**
- **Use of exp.  $c_p(T)$  for  $\text{Al}_3\text{Ni}$ , “ $\text{Al}_{13}\text{Fe}_4$ ”,  $\text{Al}_3\text{Zr}$ , “ $\text{Al}_{10}\text{Fe}_3\text{Ni}$ ” (TAU2)  $\Rightarrow$  reoptimization of Al-Ni, Al-Fe, Al-Zr binary systems, Al-Fe-Ni ternary system ongoing**
- **Calculations using the database (examples), metastable phases in the Al-Mg-Si ternary system**



**Thanks for your attention !**

