

Addition of MeS and MnO_x to the GTT Oxide database

GTT-Technologies

GTT-Workshop, 3-5. Juli 2013, Herzogenrath

Klaus Hack, Tatjana Jantzen



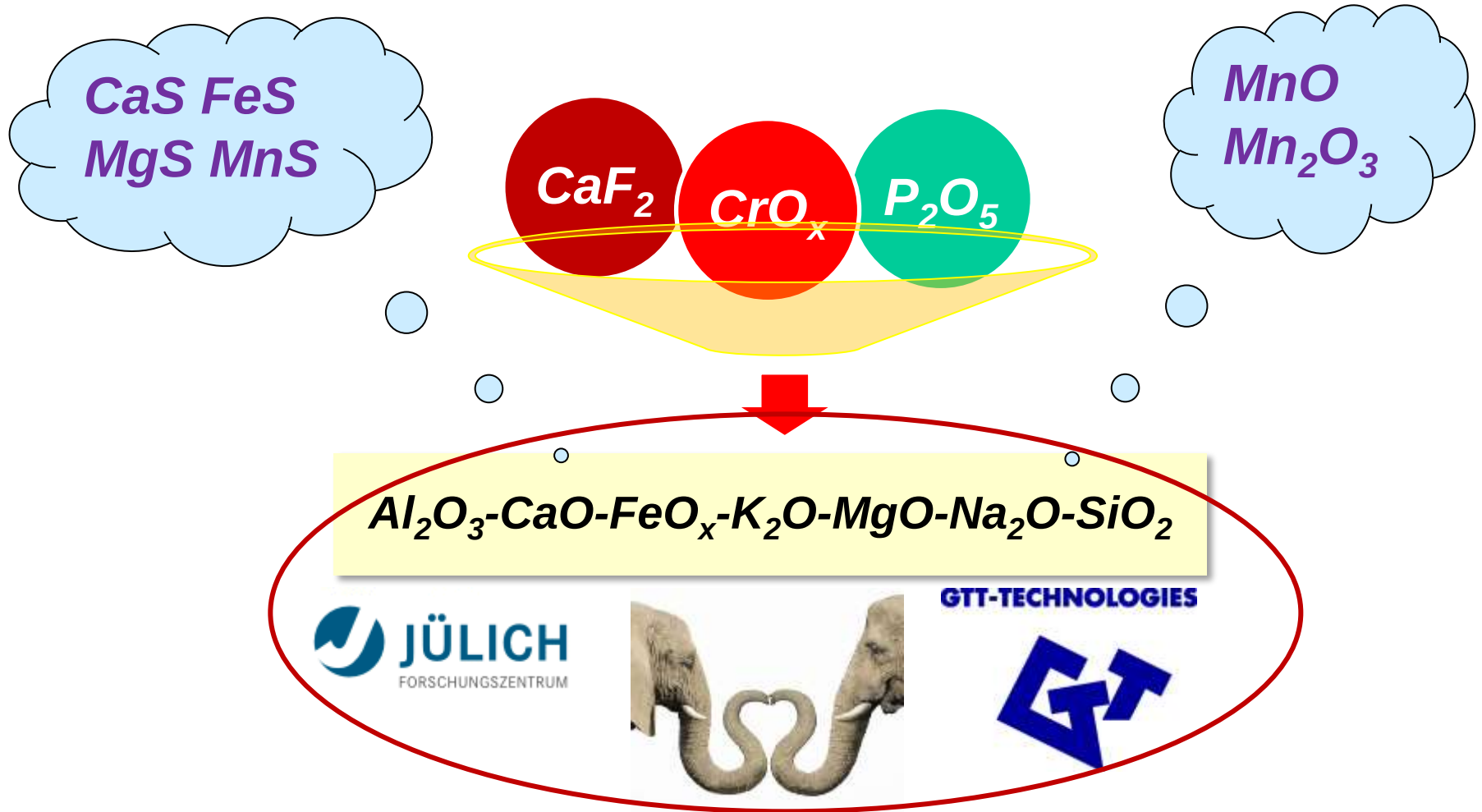
Contents of presentation

- Introduction
- Addition of MeS
- Addition of MnO_x
- Conclusions
- Future developments



GTT oxide database

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Sulphur in oxide glasses

Sulphur



Natural minerals may contain substantial quantities of sulphur.

Sulphur species are present in radioactive and toxic wastes.

Sulphide glasses can be used for high refractory index materials.

Sulphur added to glasses as sulphate can be used as refining agent, as sulphide gives amber colour.

Addition of MeS

- Introduction
- The Me-S phase diagrams (Me= Ca, Fe, Mg, Mn)
- The Me_1O - Me_2S systems
- The Me_1S - Me_2S phase diagram
- The ternary Fe-O-S system
- The ternary Al_2O_3 – CaO - CaS system
- The ternary CaO - CaS - SiO_2 system
- The ternary CaS – FeS - MgS system

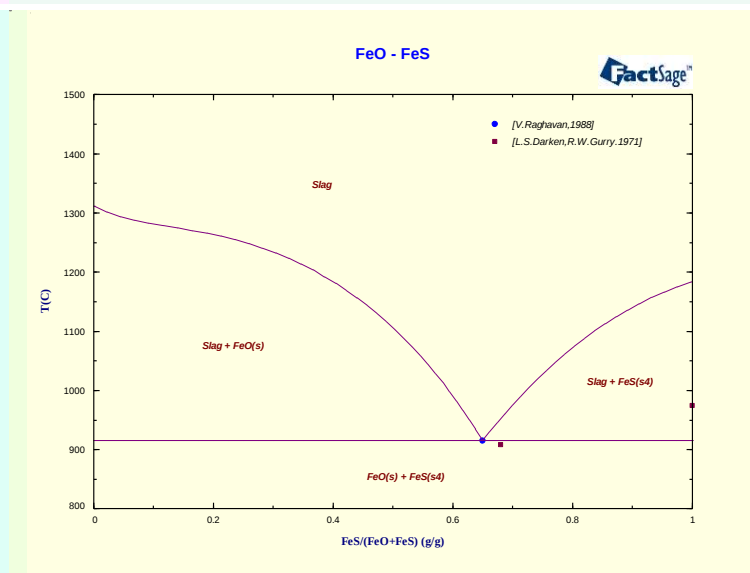
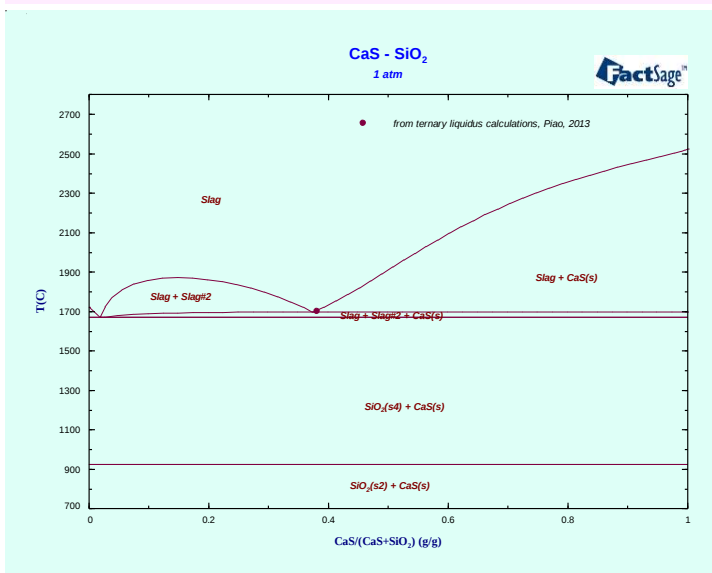
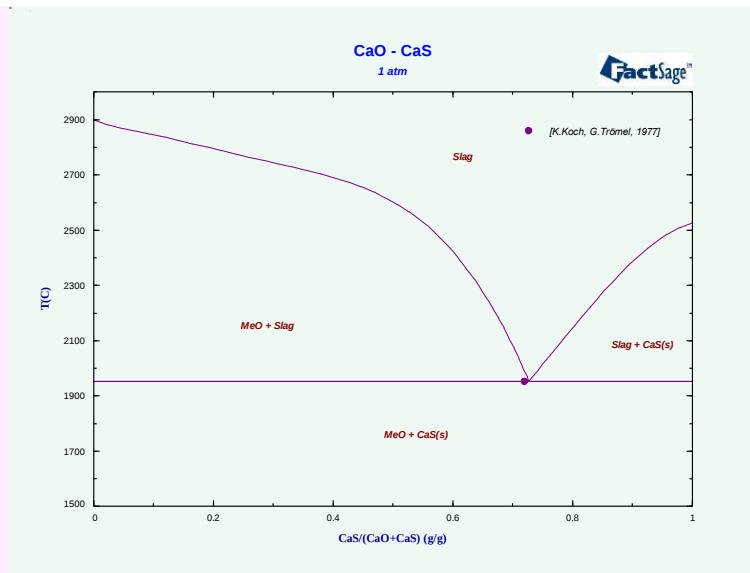
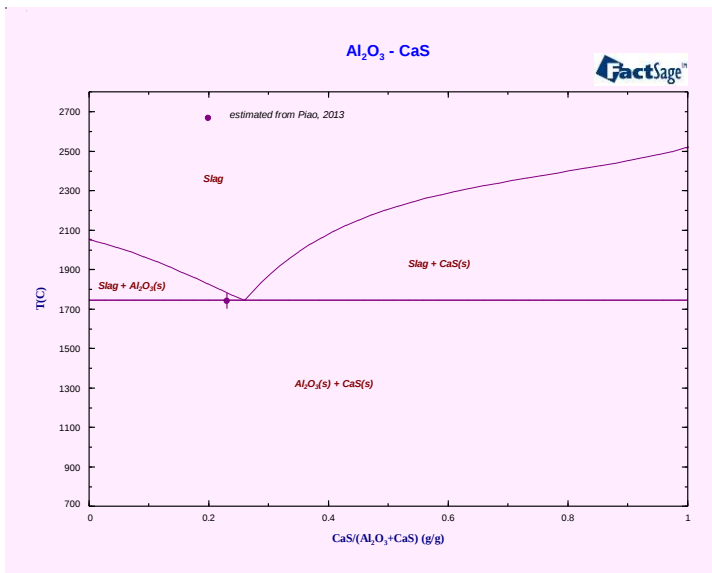
Modelling of binary S-containing phases

System	Phase	Description	Used data
Ca-S	Liquid	(Ca, CaS , S)	proposed by GTT
Fe-S	Liquid	(Fe, FeS , S)	Fe-FeS - Steel database, FeS-S - optimized by GTT
Mg-S	Liquid	(Mg, MgS , S)	proposed by GTT
Mn-S	Liquid	(Mn, MnS , S)	Steel database
CaS-FeS	Oldhamite	(<u>Ca</u> , Fe)(S)	modelled by GTT
CaS-MgS	Oldhamite Niningerite	(<u>Ca</u> , Mg)(S) (Ca, <u>Mg</u>)(S)	modelled by GTT
FeS-MgS	Troilite-HT Niningerite	(<u>Fe</u> , Mg)(S) (Fe, <u>Mg</u>)(S)	modelled by GTT

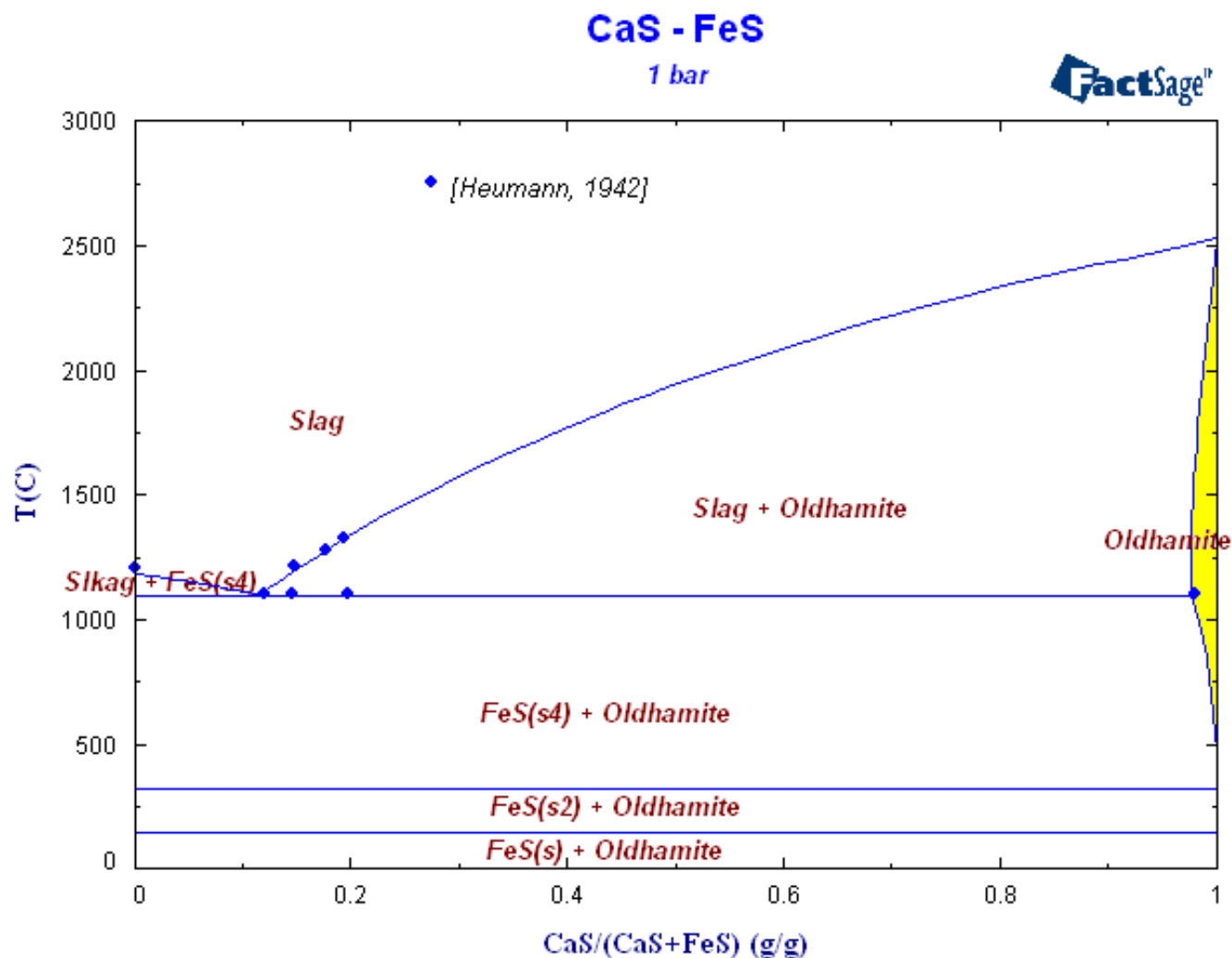


Metal oxide - Metal sulphide phase diagram

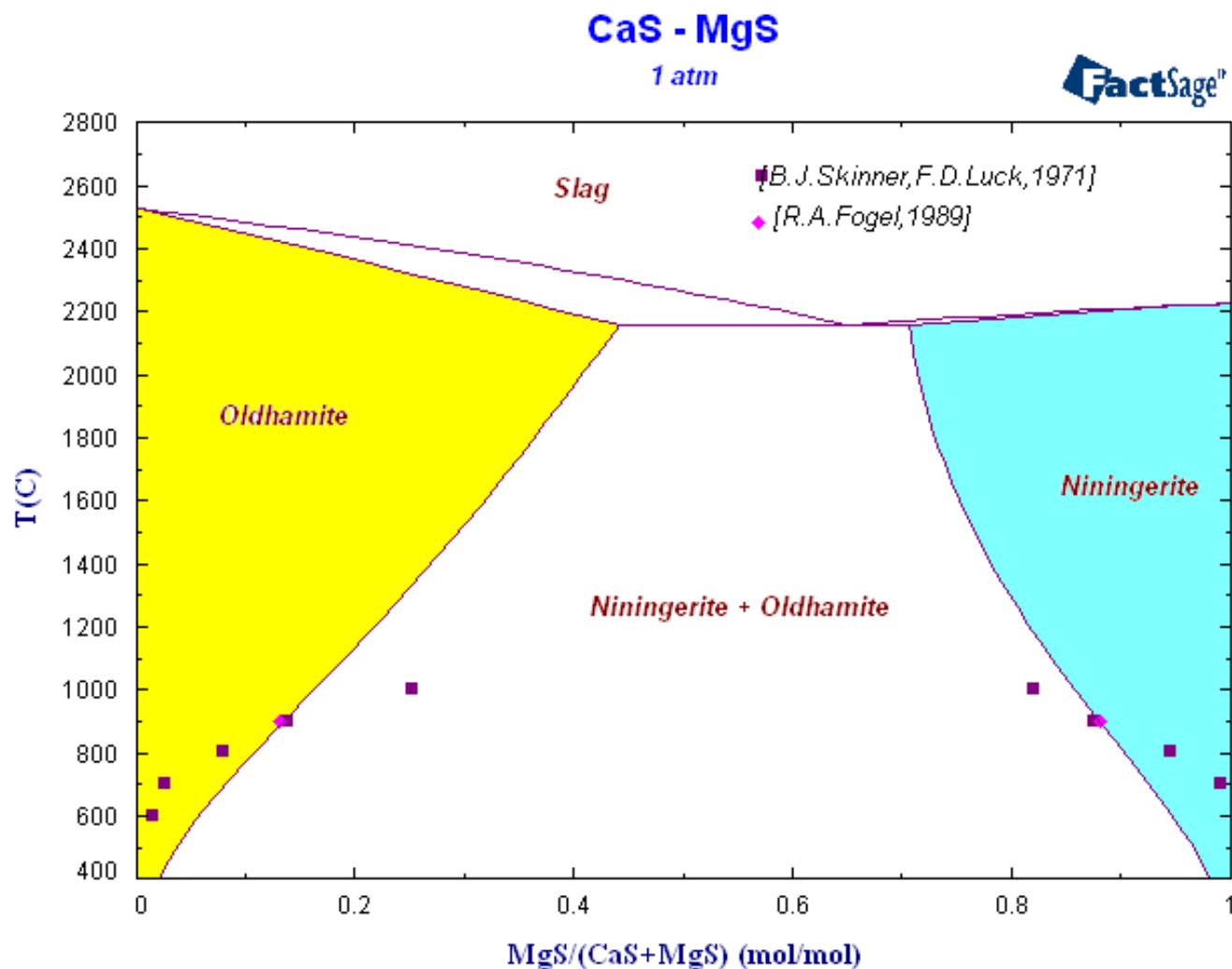
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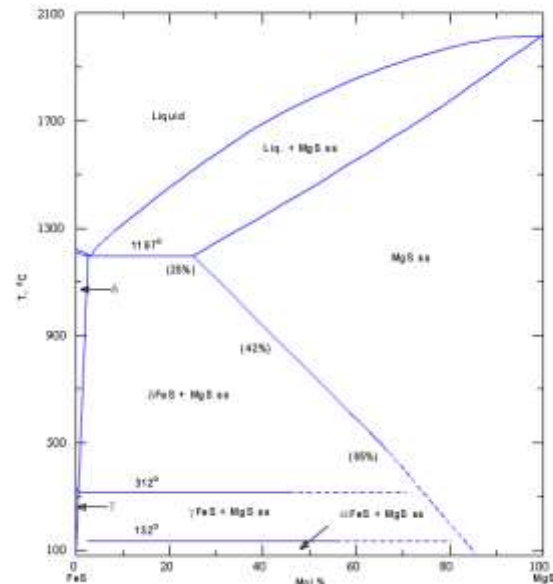
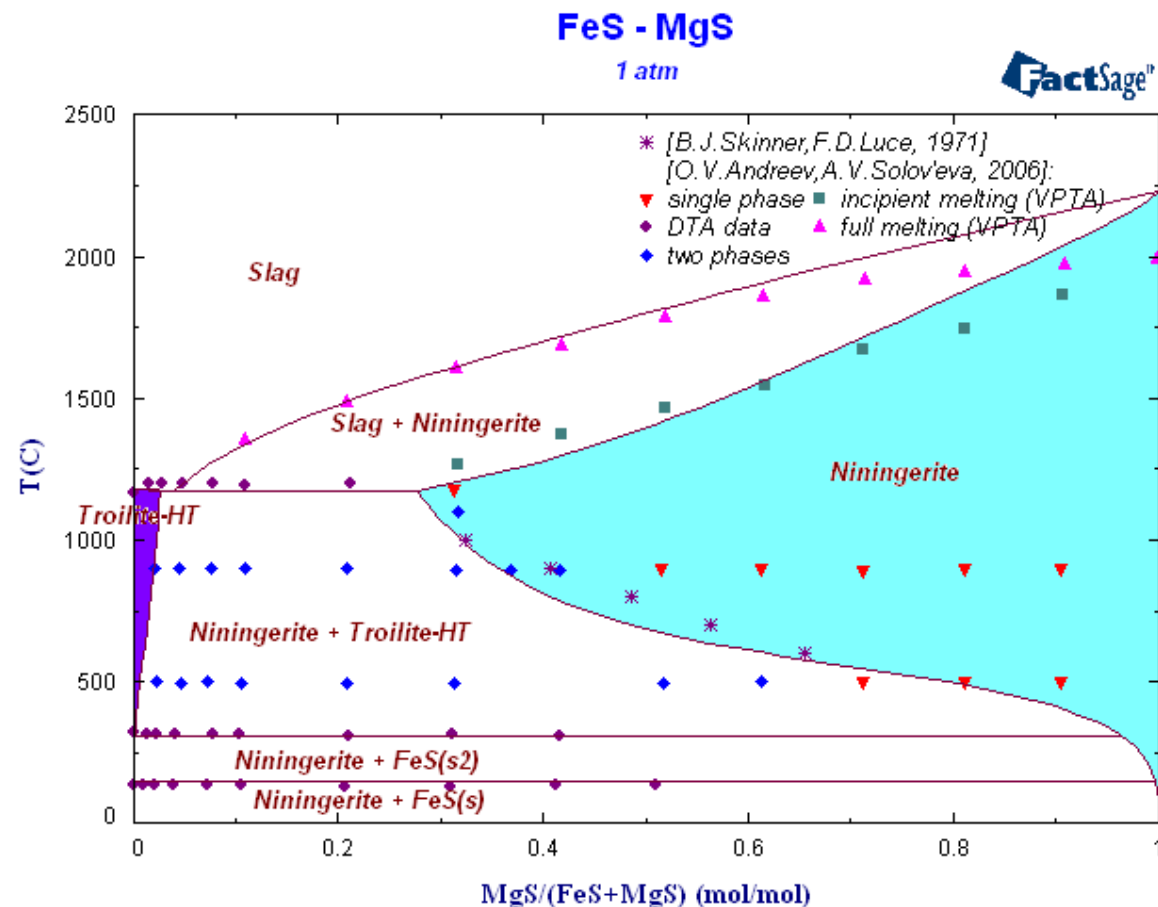
CaS-FeS phase diagram



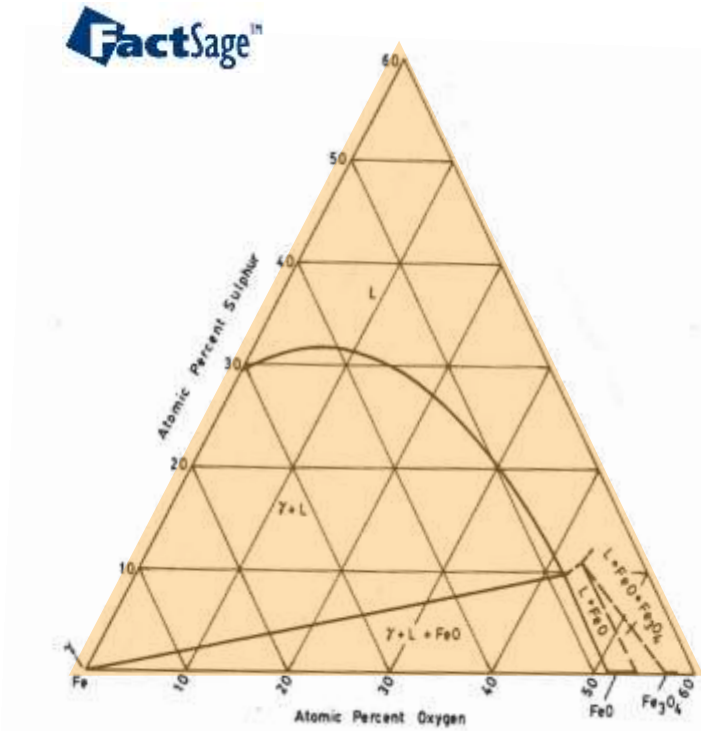
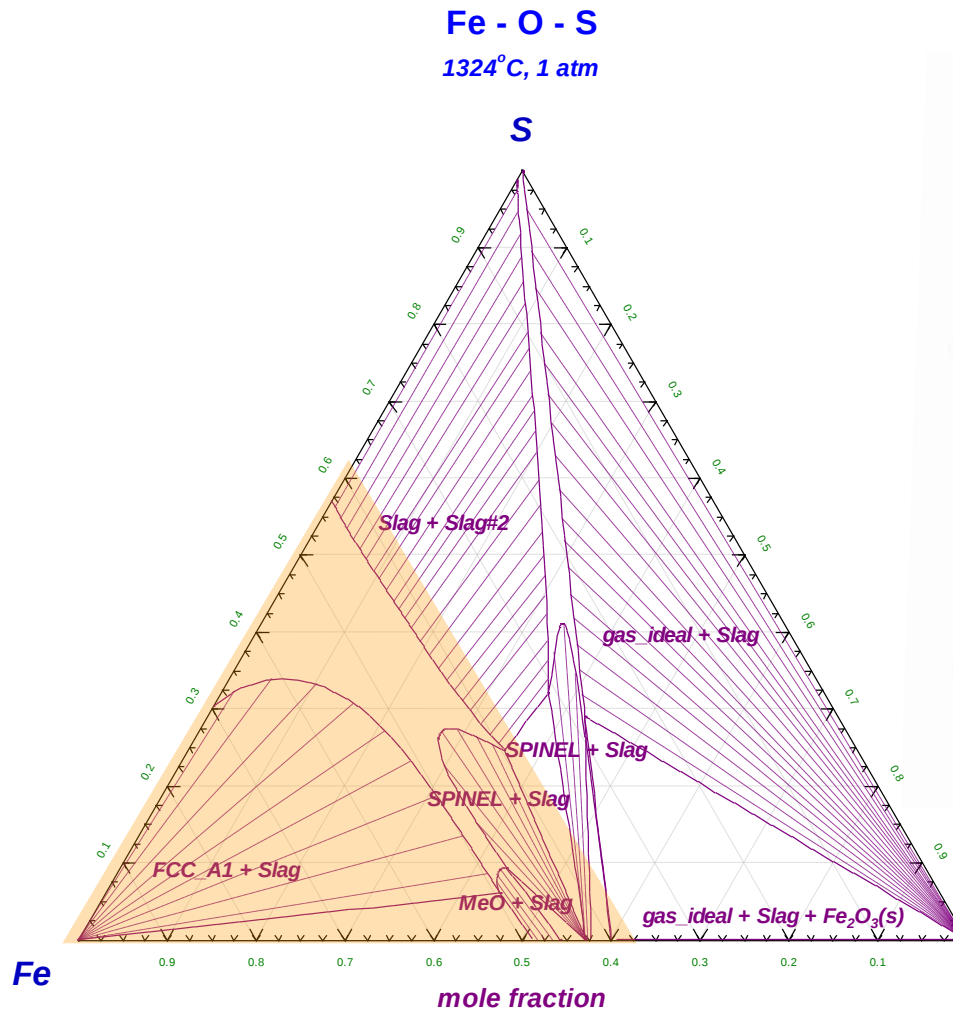
CaS-MgS phase diagram



FeS-MgS phase diagram



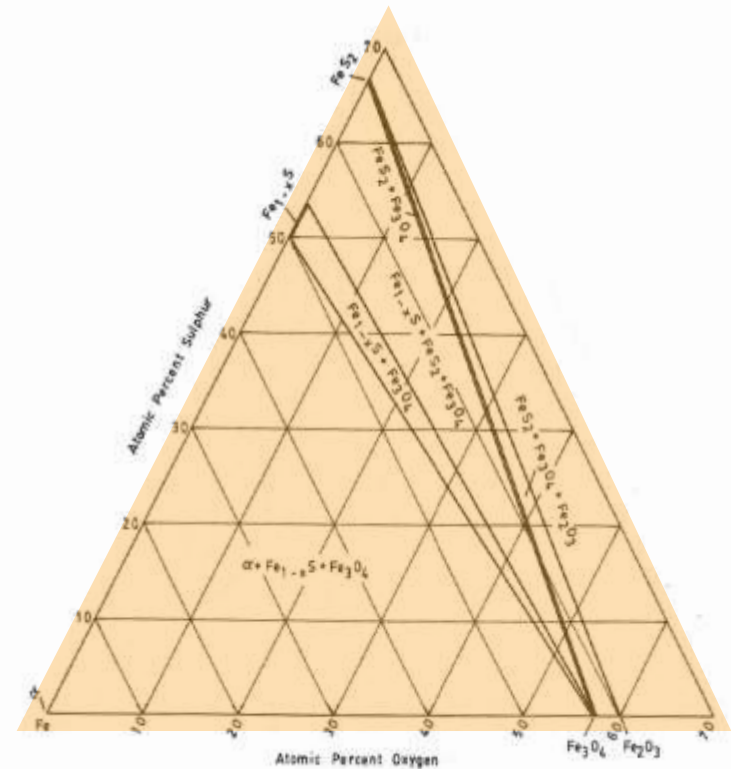
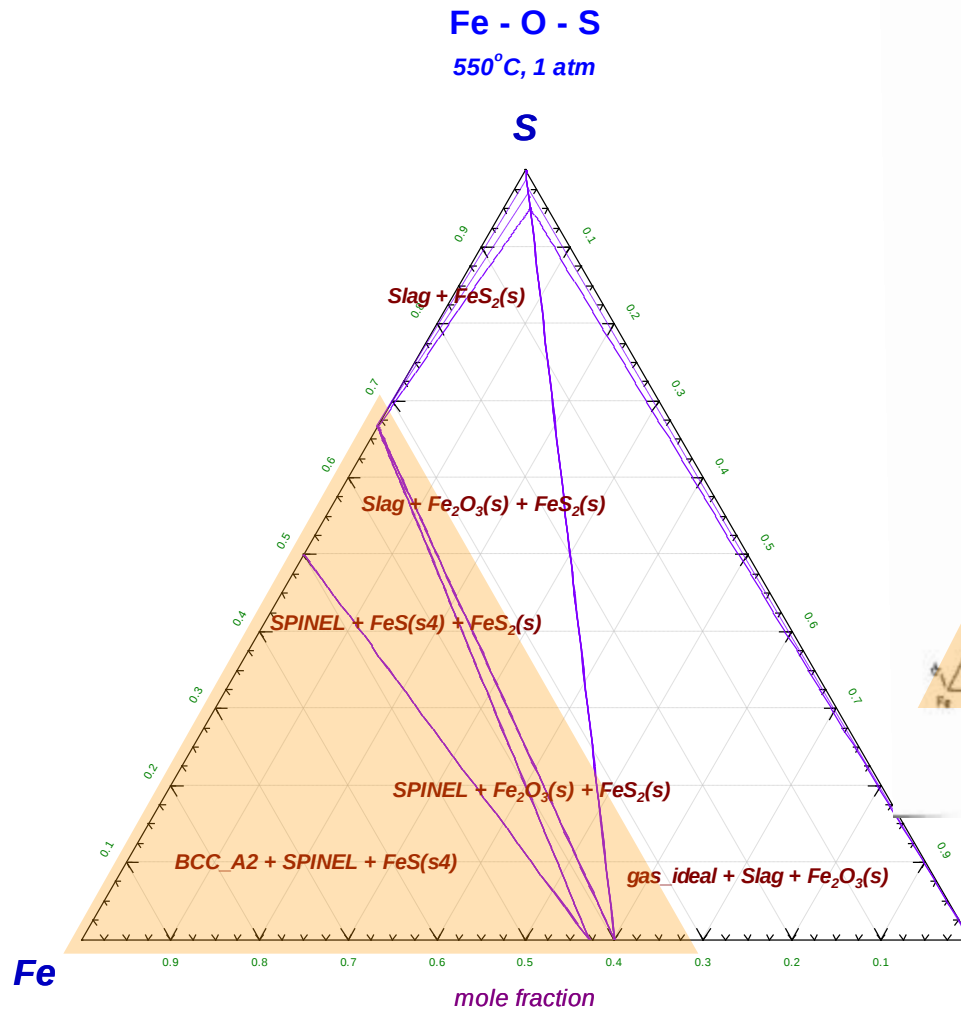
O. V. Andreev, A. V. Solov'eva, and T. M. Burkhanova, Zh. Neorg. Khim., 51 [11] 1938-1941 (2006); Russ. J. Inorg. Chem. (Engl. Transl.), 51 [11] 1826-1828 (2006).



35.4a Fe-O-S Isothermal Section at 1324°C in Atomic Percent

V. Raghavan, Phase diagrams of Ternary Iron Alloys, Part 2, Ternary systems containing Iron and Sulphur, The Indian Institute of Metals, Calcutta, 1988.

Isothermal section in Fe-O-S at 550°C

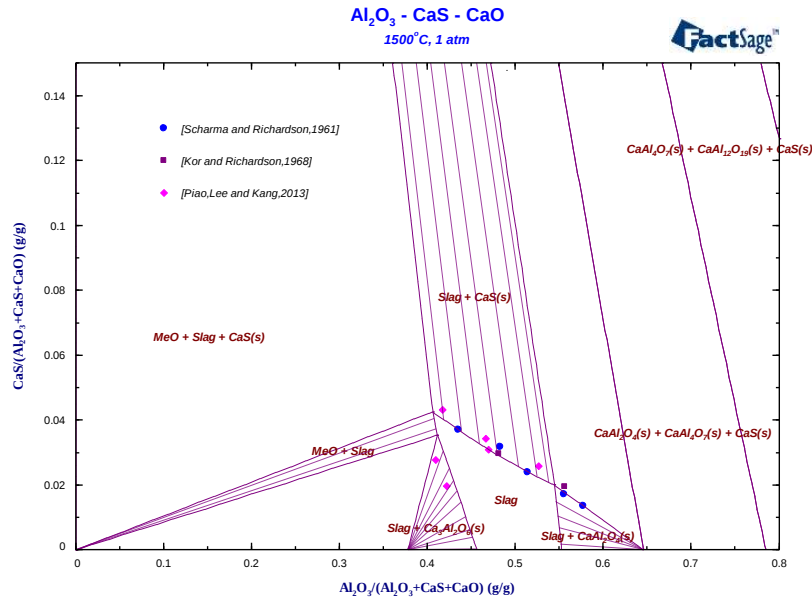


35.7a Fe-O-S Isothermal Section at 550°C in Atomic Percent

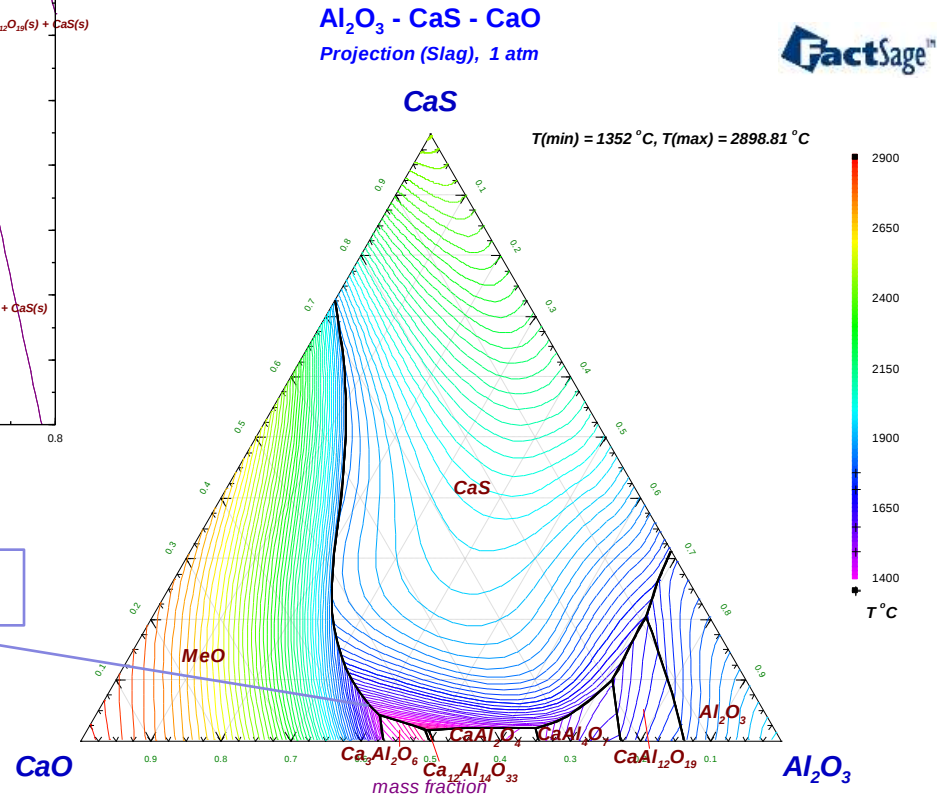
V. Raghavan, Phase diagrams of Ternary Iron Alloys, Part 2, Ternary systems containing Iron and Sulphur, The Indian Institute of Metals, Calcutta, 1988.

The Al_2O_3 -CaO-CaS ternary system

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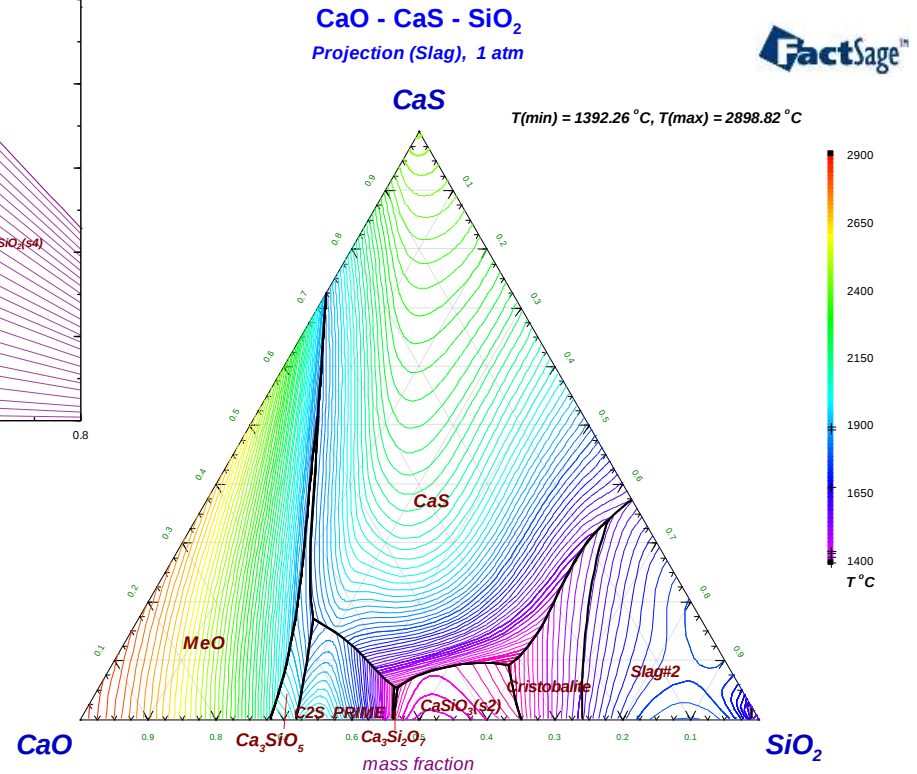
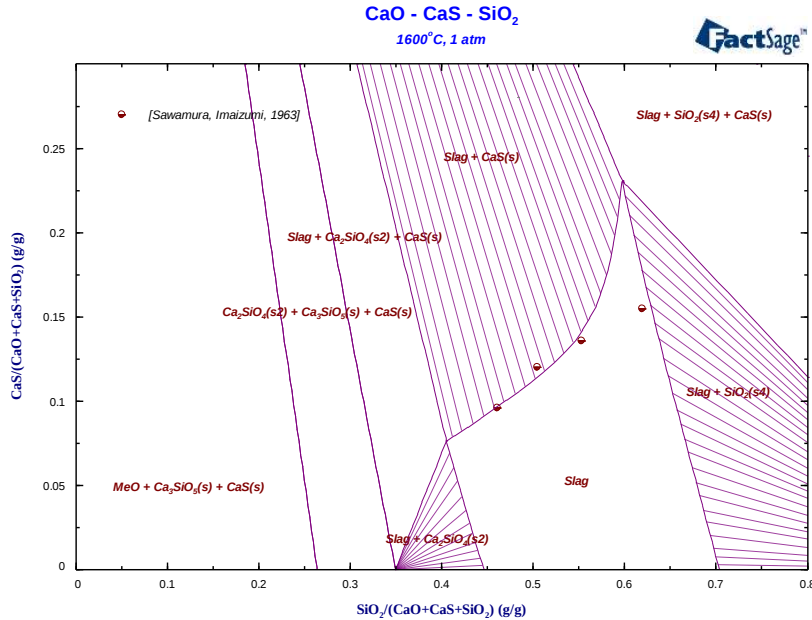


Calculated 1352° C
1350° C [Piao, 2013]



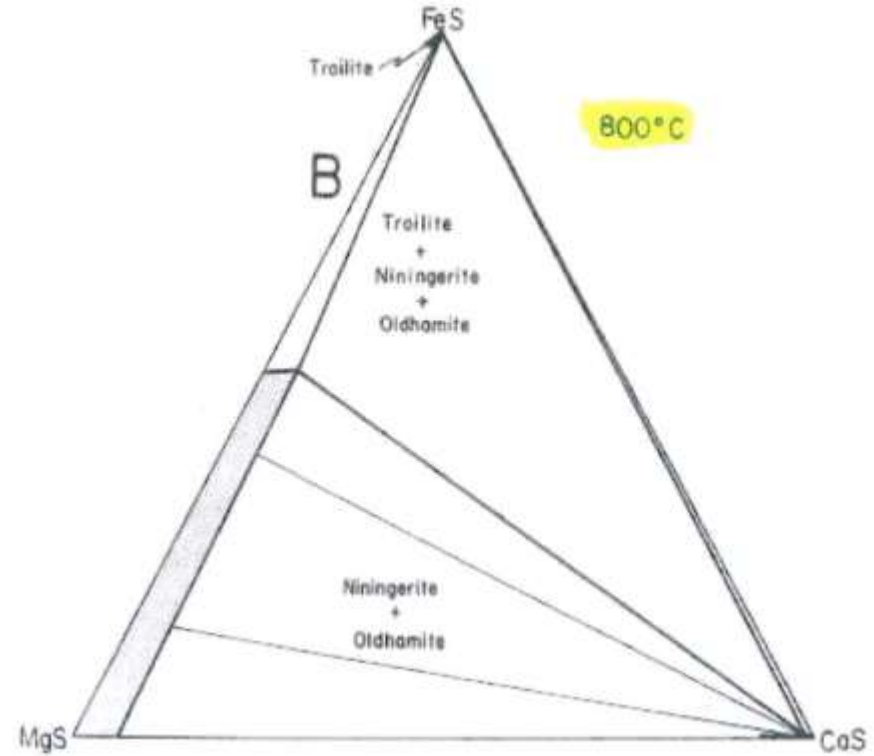
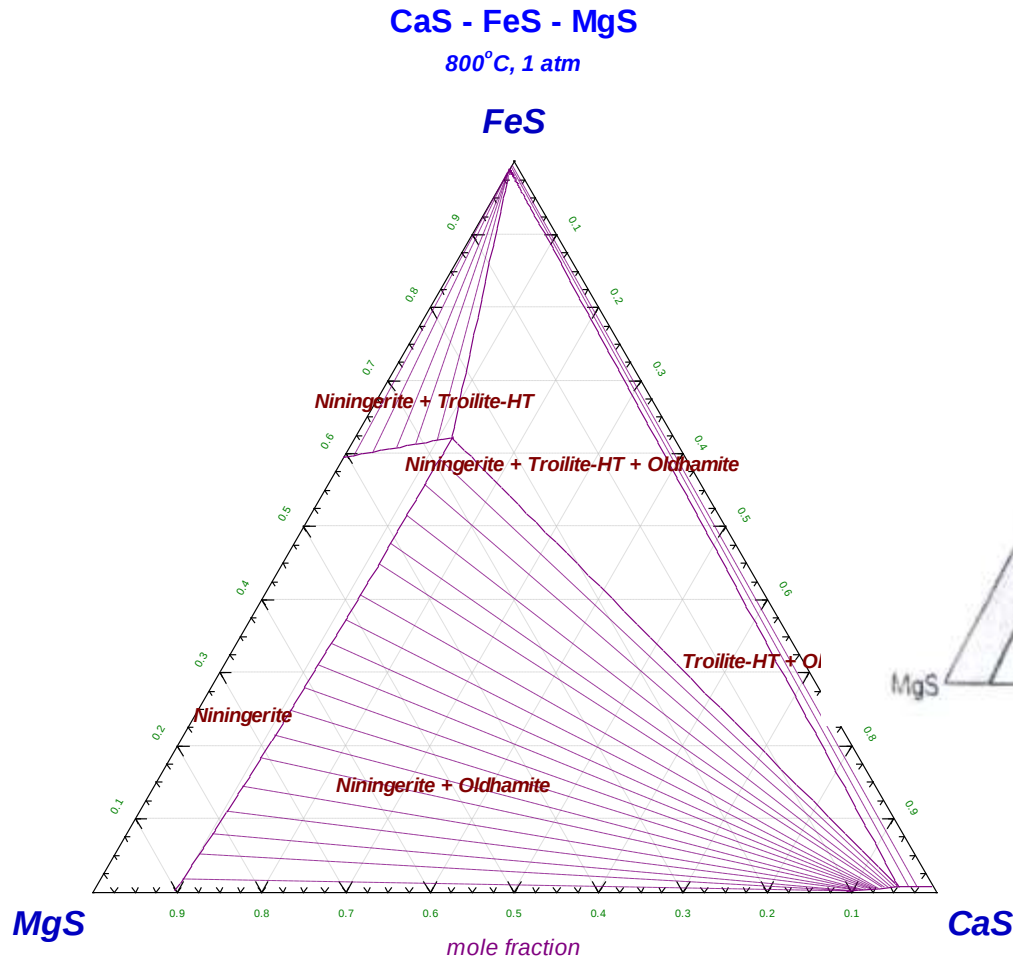
The CaO-CaS-SiO₂ ternary system

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Isothermal section in CaS-FeS-MgS at 800°C

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B.J. Skinner, F.D. Luck, Amer. Mineral., Vol.56 (1971), pp. 1269-1296.



Addition of MnO_x ($\text{MnO} + \text{Mn}$, $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{O}_2$)

- The Mn-O binary system
 - The Al_2O_3 - MnO_x system
 - The CaO- MnO_x system
 - The CrO_x - MnO_x system
 - The FeO_x - MnO_x system
 - The MgO- MnO_x system
 - The MnO_x - SiO_2 system
-
- The ternary CaO-FeO-MnO system
 - The ternary CaO-MgO-MnO system
 - The ternary MgO-MnO- SiO_2 system



Addition of MnO and Mn₂O₃

The **associate species** containing Mn were added in order to describe the liquid phase in the Al₂O₃-CaO-Cr₂O₃-FeO-Fe₂O₃-MgO-SiO₂ system containing MnO_x.

System	Associate species	Description <i>MeO_x : MnO (:MeO)</i>
Al ₂ O ₃ - MnO	Al ₂ MnO ₄	1:1
Cr ₂ O ₃ – MnO	Cr ₂ MnO ₄	
Fe ₂ O ₃ – MnO	Fe ₂ MnO ₄	
MnO-SiO ₂	MnSiO ₃ , Mn ₂ SiO ₄ (like with Ca ⁺² , Fe ⁺² and Mg ⁺²)	1:1 and 1:2
MgO-MnO-SiO ₂	MgMnSi ₂ O ₆	1:1:1

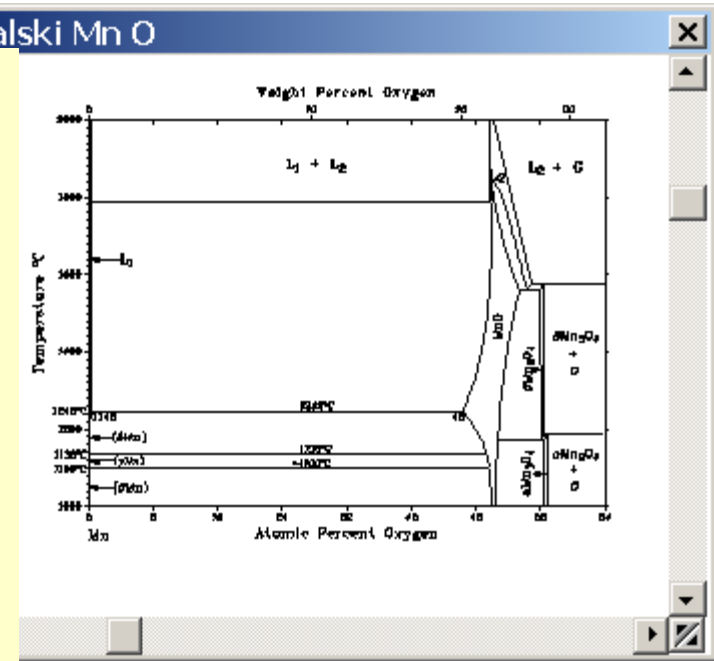
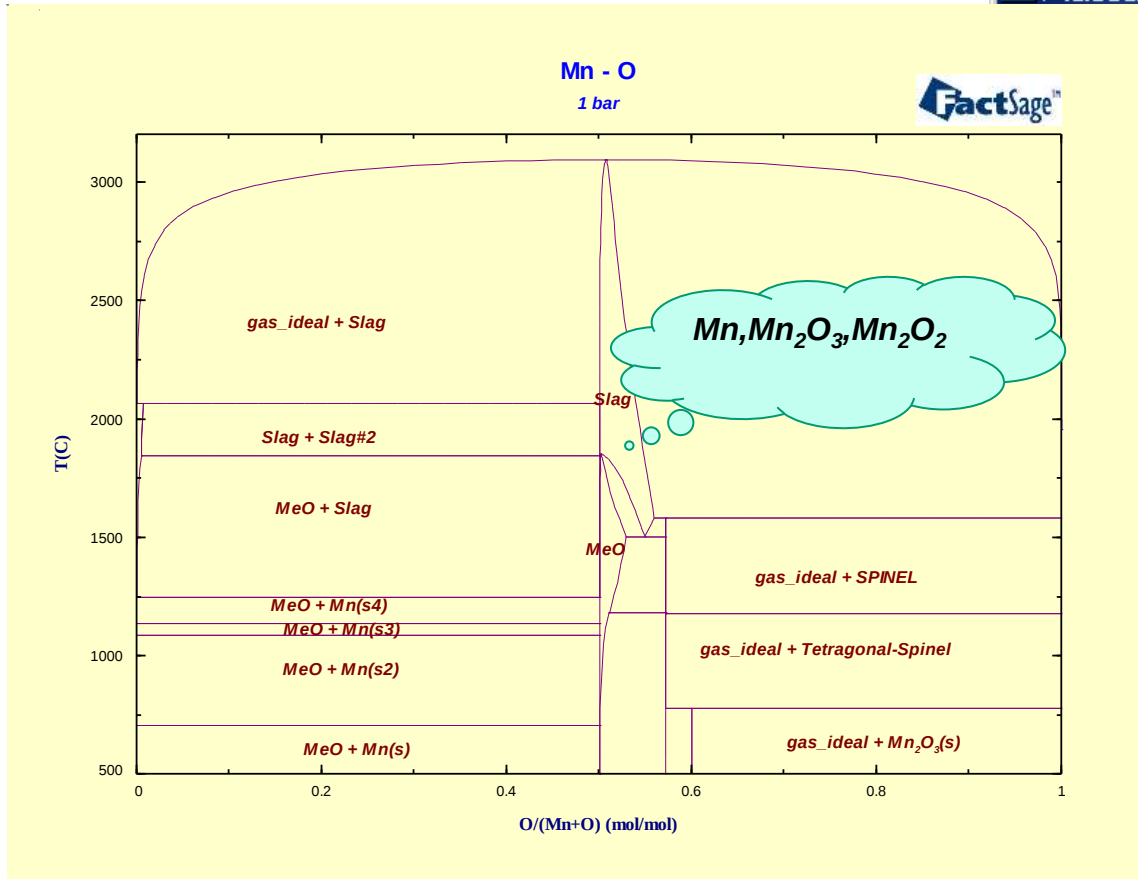


Modelling of Mn-containing phases

Phase	Description
MeO	$(Al^{+3}, Ca^{+2}, Cr^{+3}, Mn^{+2}, Mn^{+3}, Fe^{+2}, Fe^{+3}, Mg^{+2}, Na^{+1}, Va)(O^{-2})$
Cubic Spinel	$(Al^{+3}, Cr^{+2}, Cr^{+3}, Fe^{+2}, Fe^{+3}, Mg^{+2}, Mn^{+2})(Al^{+3}, Ca^{+2}, Cr^{+3}, Fe^{+2}, Fe^{+3}, Mg^{+2}, Mn^{+2}, Mn^{+3}, Mn^{+4}, Va)_2 (Cr^{+2}, Fe^{+2}, Mg^{+2}, Va)_2 (O^{-2})_4$
Tetragonal Spinel	$(Cr^{+2}, Cr^{+3}, Mn^{+2}, Mn^{+3})(Al^{+3}, Cr^{+3}, Fe^{+3}, Mn^{+2}, Mn^{+3}, Va)_2 (O^{-2})_4$
Corundum	$(Al^{+3}, Cr^{+2}, Cr^{+3}, Fe^{+3}, Mn^{+3})_2 (Cr^{+3}, Va)(O^{-2})_3$
Bixbyte	$(Cr^{+3}, Fe^{+3}, Mn^{+3})_2 (O^{-2})_3$
Olivine	$(Ca^{+2}, Fe^{+2}, Mg^{+2}, Mn^{+2})(Ca^{+2}, Fe^{+2}, Mg^{+2}, Mn^{+2})(Si^{+4})(O^{-2})_4$
Rhodonite	$(Mg^{+2}, Mn^{+2})(Si^{+4})(O^{-2})_3$
Protopyroxene	$(Ca^{+2}, Mg^{+2}, Mn^{+2})(Si^{+4})(O^{-2})_3$

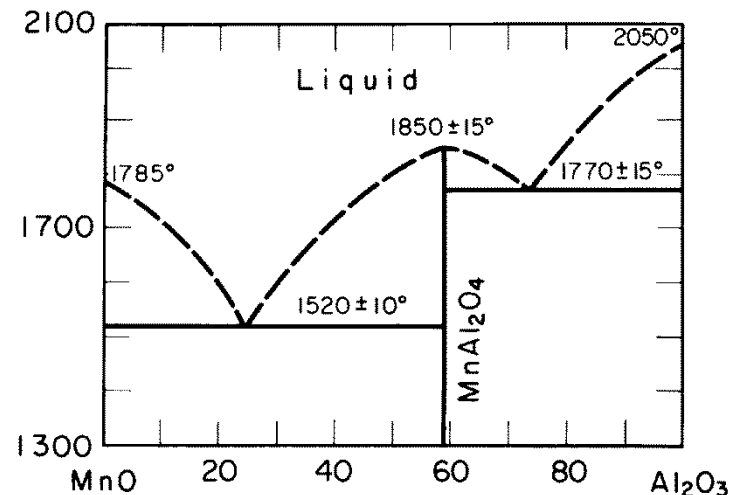
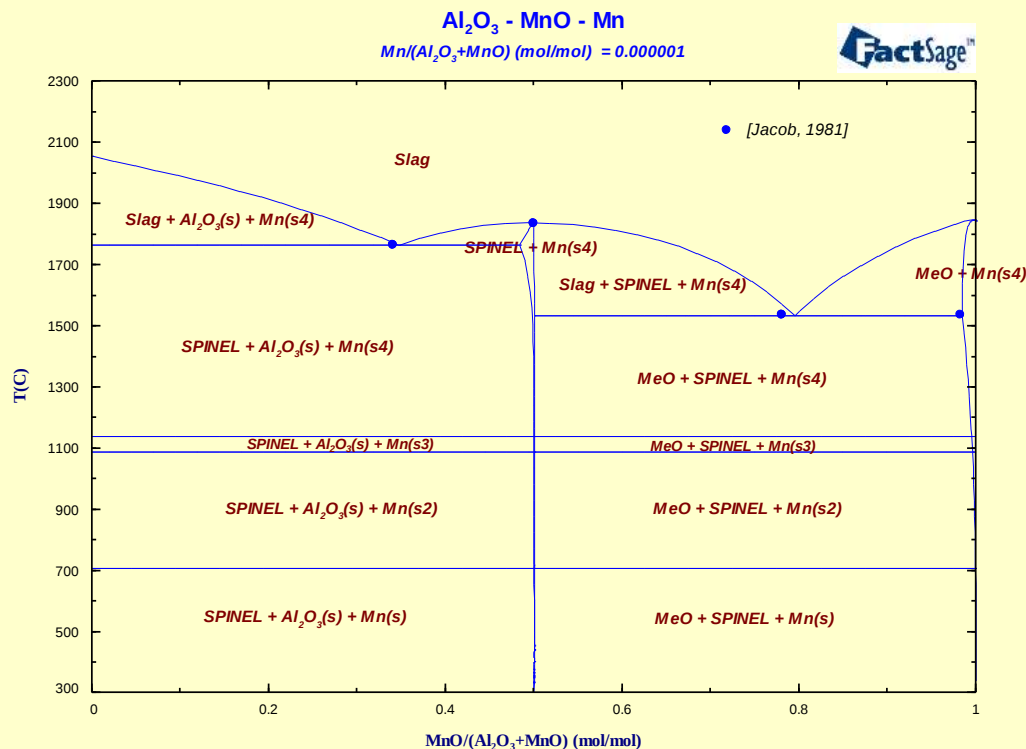
The binary Mn-O phase diagram

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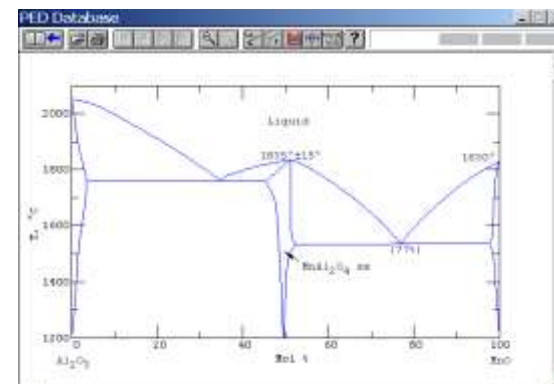


The Al_2O_3 -MnO system in equilibrium with Mn

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I.A. Novokhatskij, L.M. Lenev, A.A. Savinskaya, A.V. Gorokh, Zh. Neorg. Khim., 11 [2], (1966), pp. 427-428.

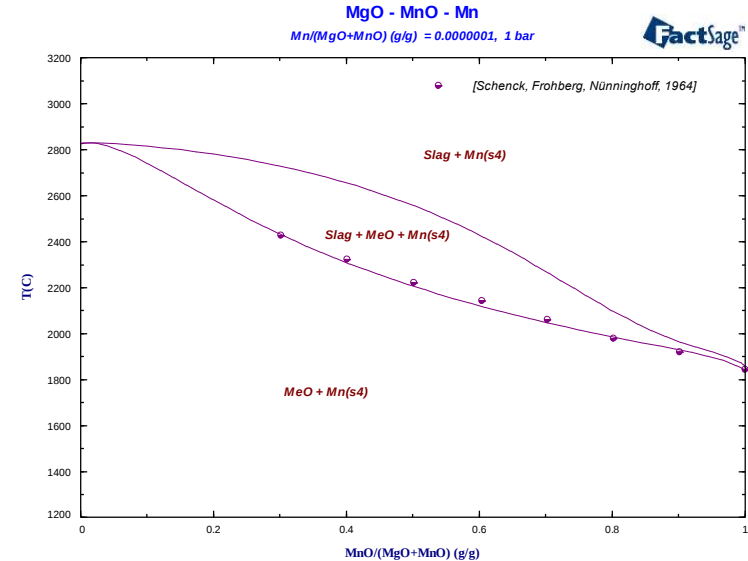
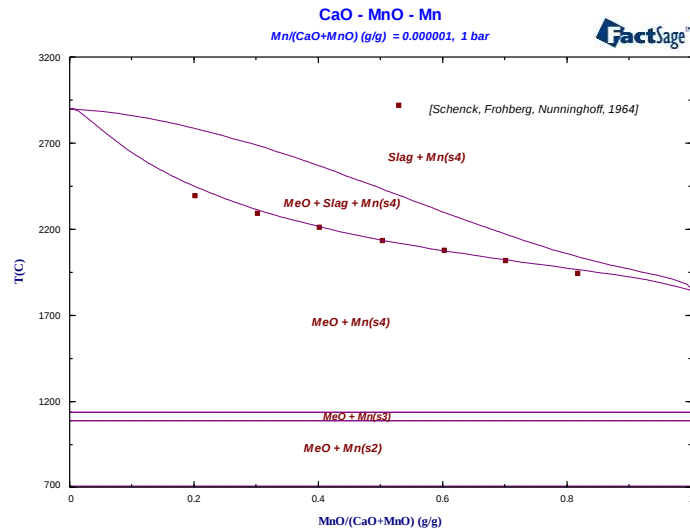
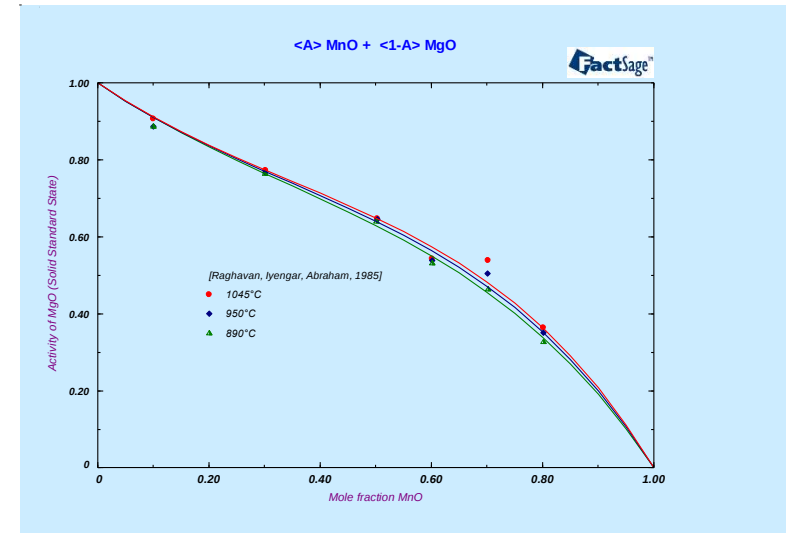
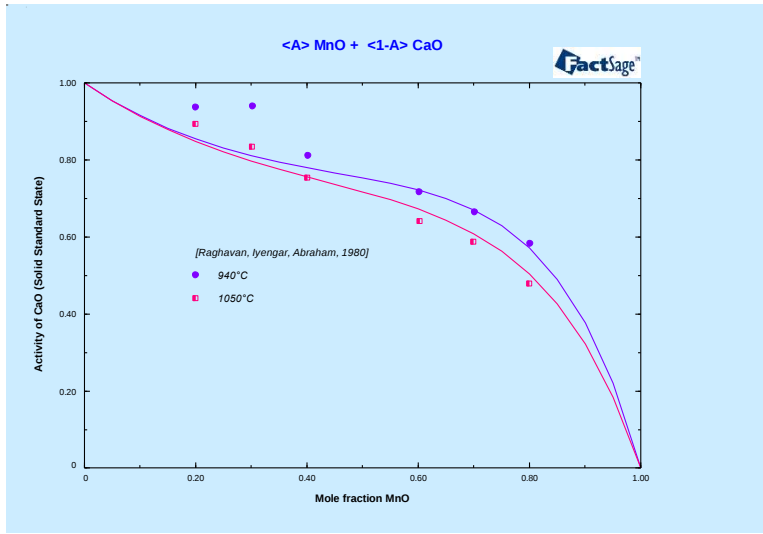


K.T. Jacob, Can. Metall. Q., 20 [1], (1981), pp. 89-92.



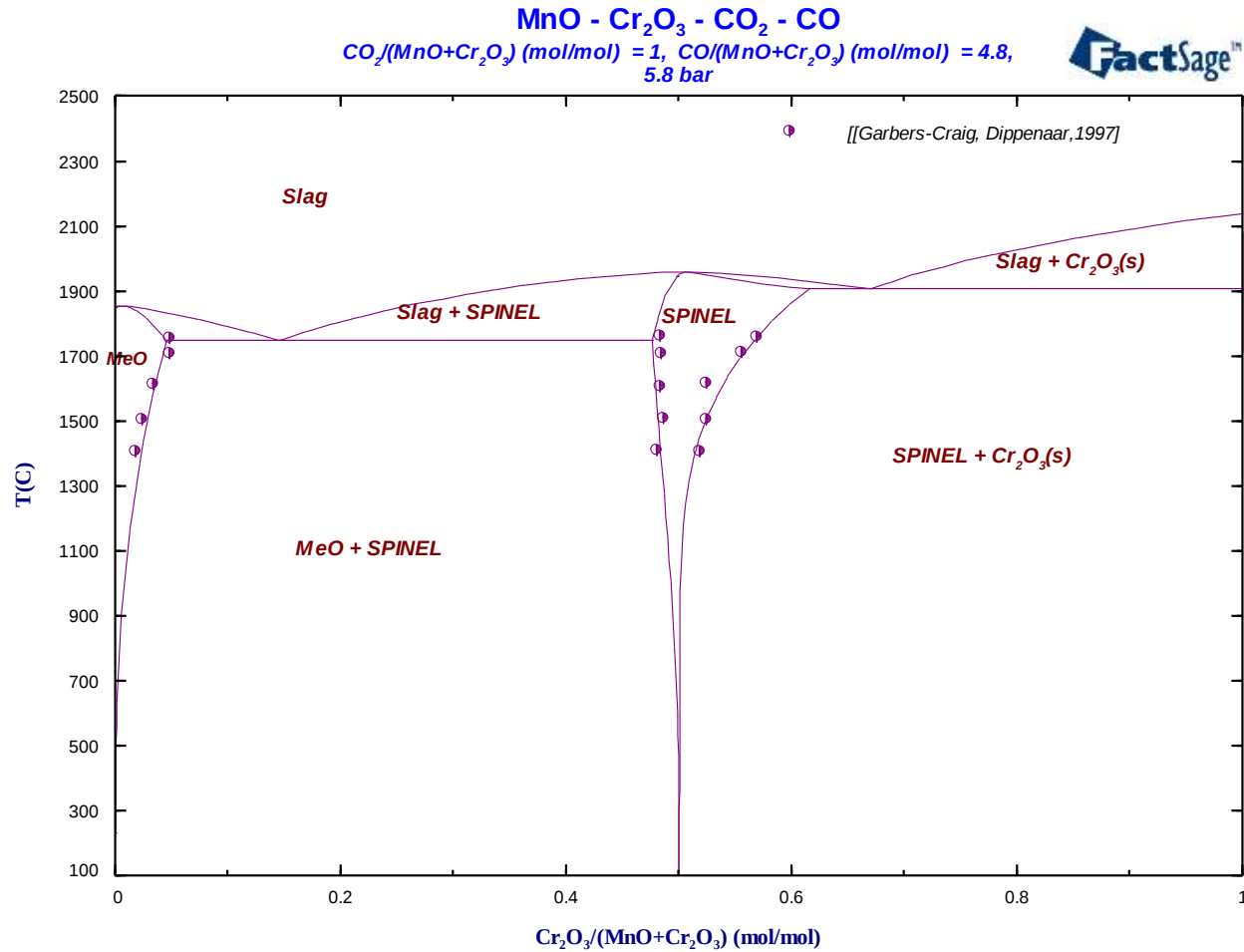
The CaO-MnO and MgO-MnO binary systems

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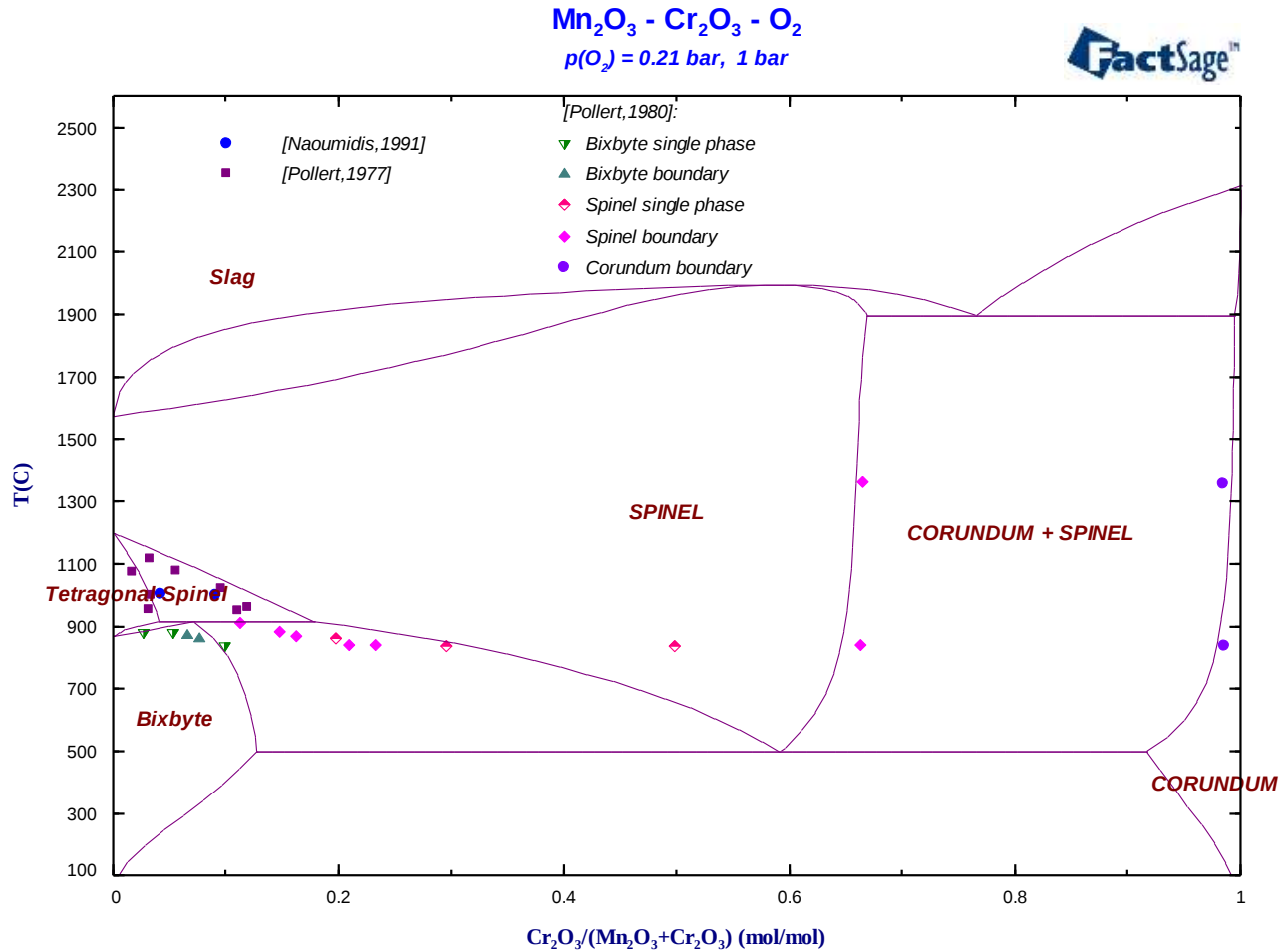


The Cr_2O_3 -MnO system under $\text{CO}/\text{CO}_2 = 4.8$

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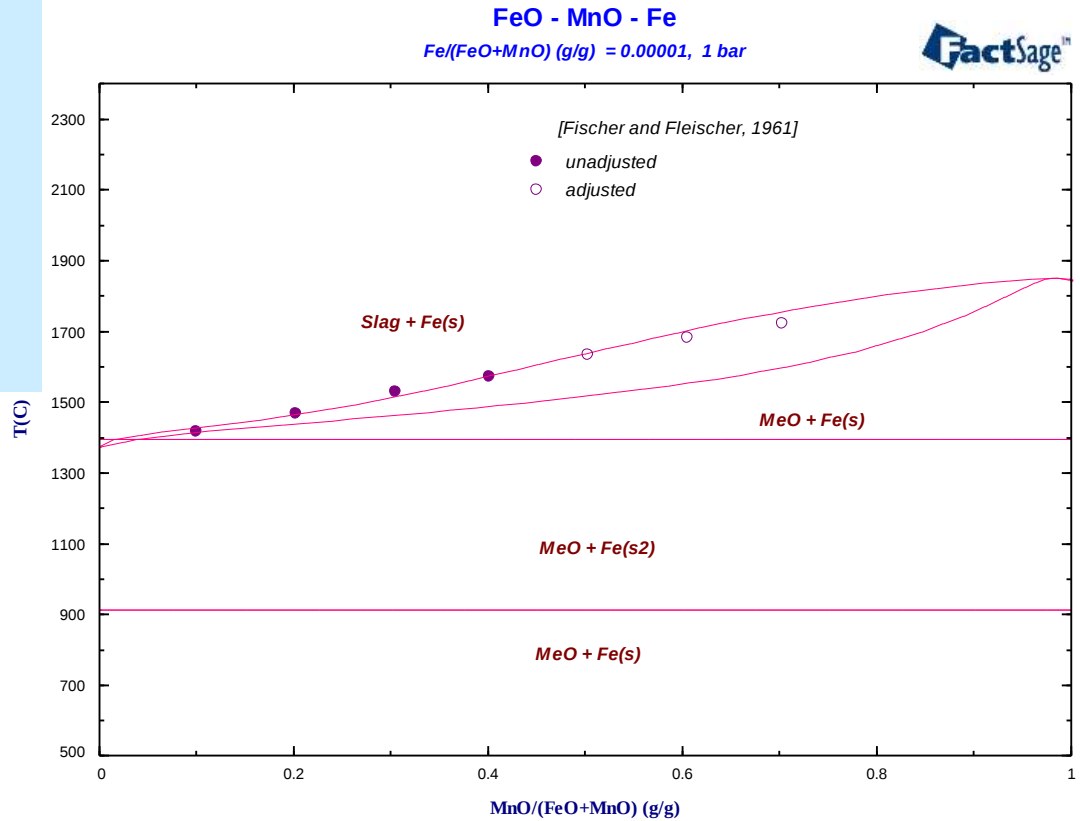
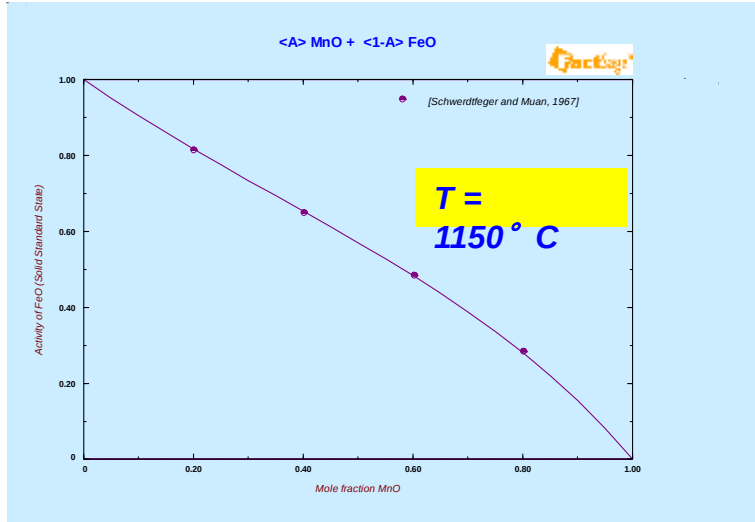


The Cr_2O_3 - Mn_2O_3 system in air

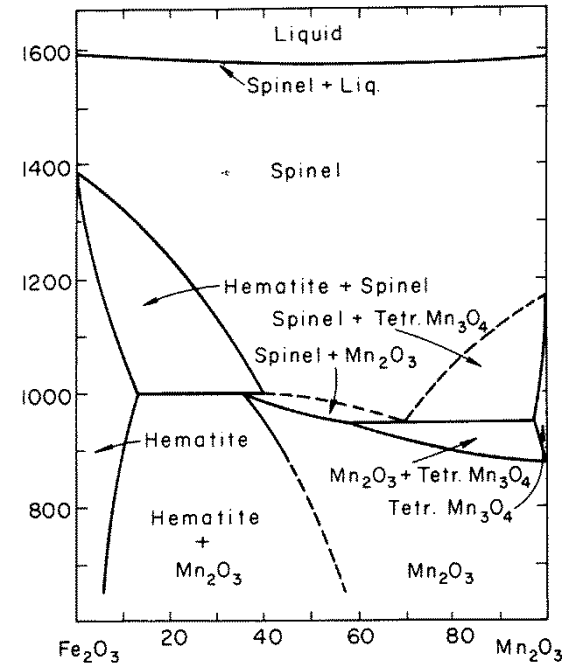
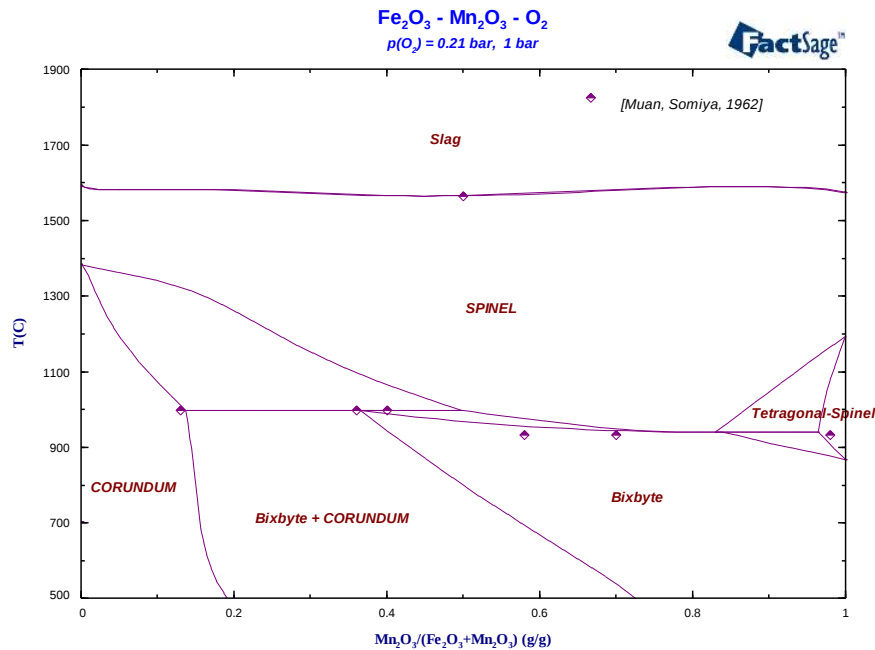


The FeO-MnO system in equilibrium with Fe

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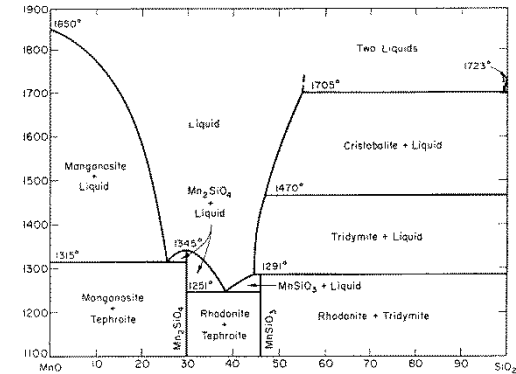
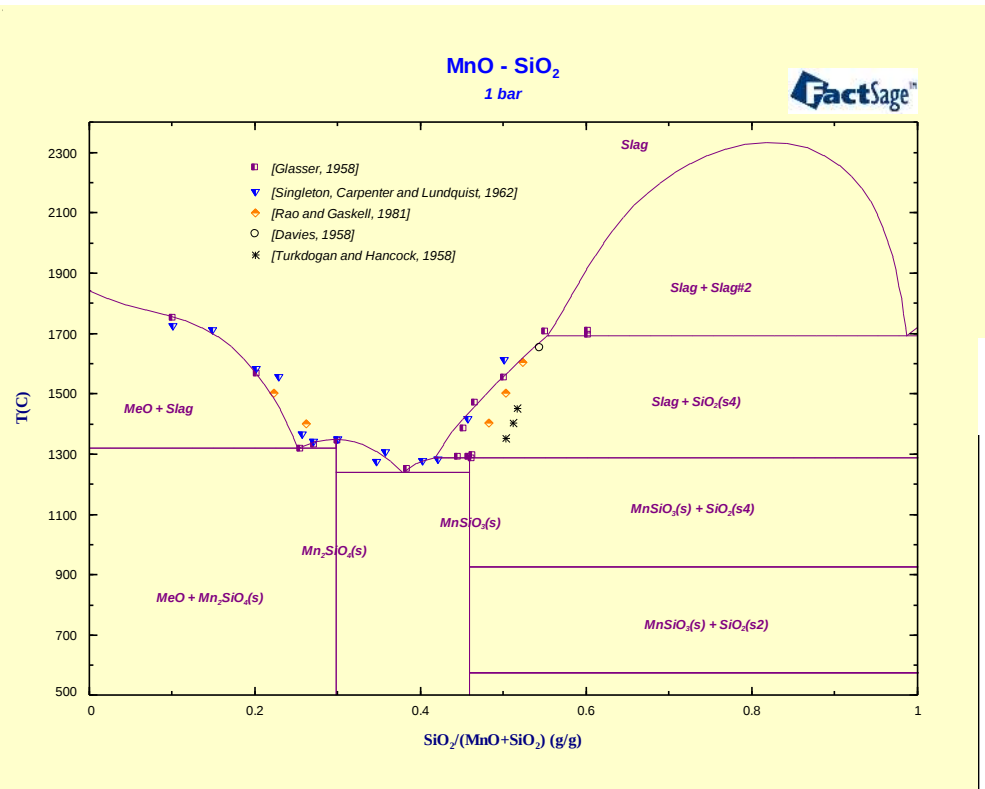
The Fe_2O_3 - Mn_2O_3 system in air



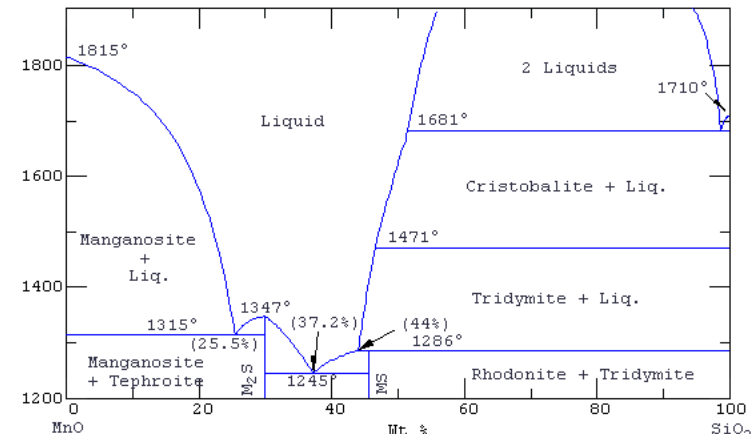
A. Muan, S. Somiya, *Am. J. Sci.*, 260 [3], (1962), pp. 230-240.

The MnO-SiO₂ binary system

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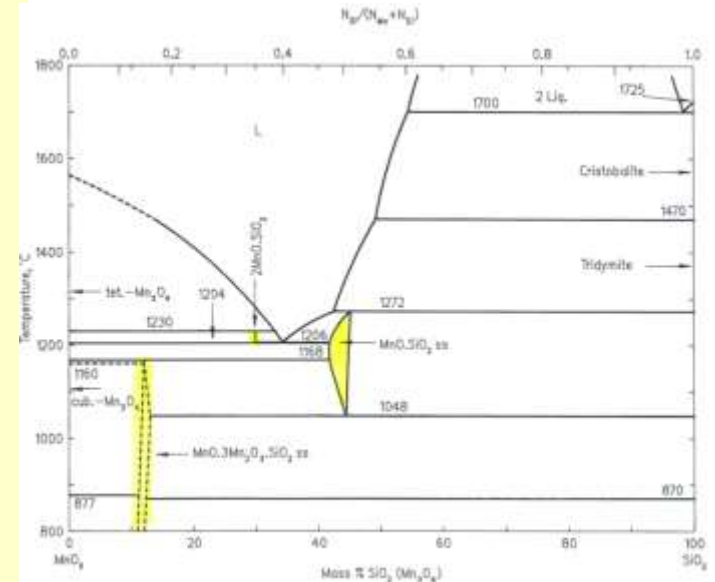
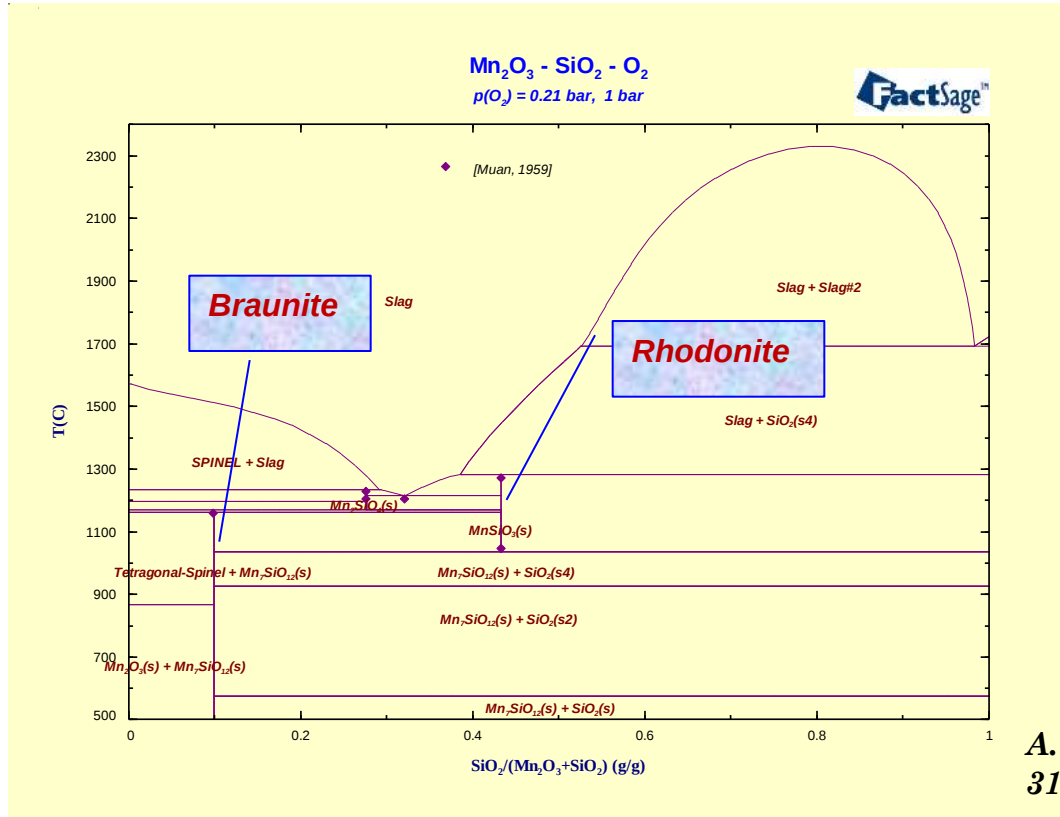
J. White, D.D. Howat, R. Hay, J.R. Tech. Coll. (Glasgow), 3, (1934), pp.231-240.



E.L. Singleton, L. Carpenetr, R.V. Lundquist, Rep. Invest.-U.S., Bur. Mines., No. 5938, (1962), pp. 1-31.



The Mn_2O_3 - SiO_2 phase diagram in air



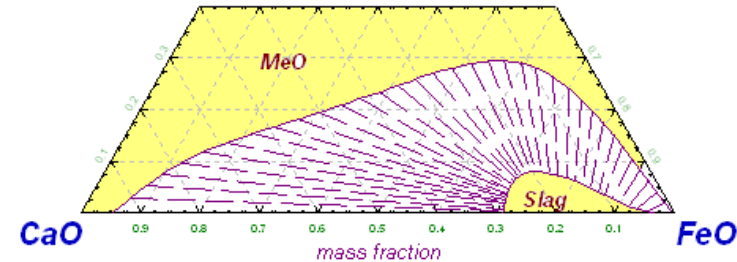
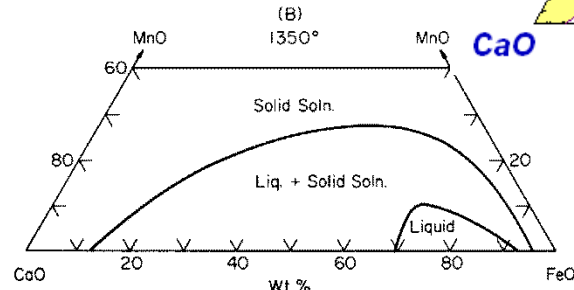
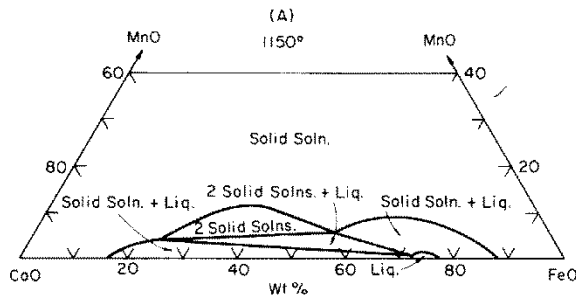
A. Muan, *Am. J. Sci.*, 257 [4], (1959), pp. 297-315.

The heat capacities, H_f and S_f of Rhodonite (MnSiO_3) and Braunitz ($\text{Mn}_7\text{SiO}_{12}$) were obtained by Robie, Huebner and Hemingway 1995.

The CaO-FeO-MnO ternary system

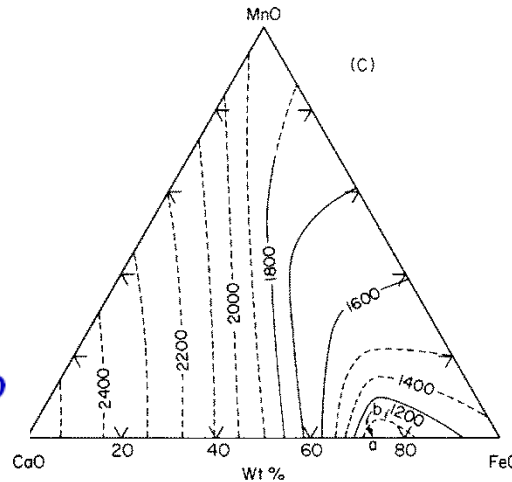
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W.A. Fleischer, H.-J. Fischer, Arch.
Eisenhüttenwes., 32 [5], (1961), pp. 305-313.



CaO - FeO - MnO
Projection (Slag), 1 bar

MnO



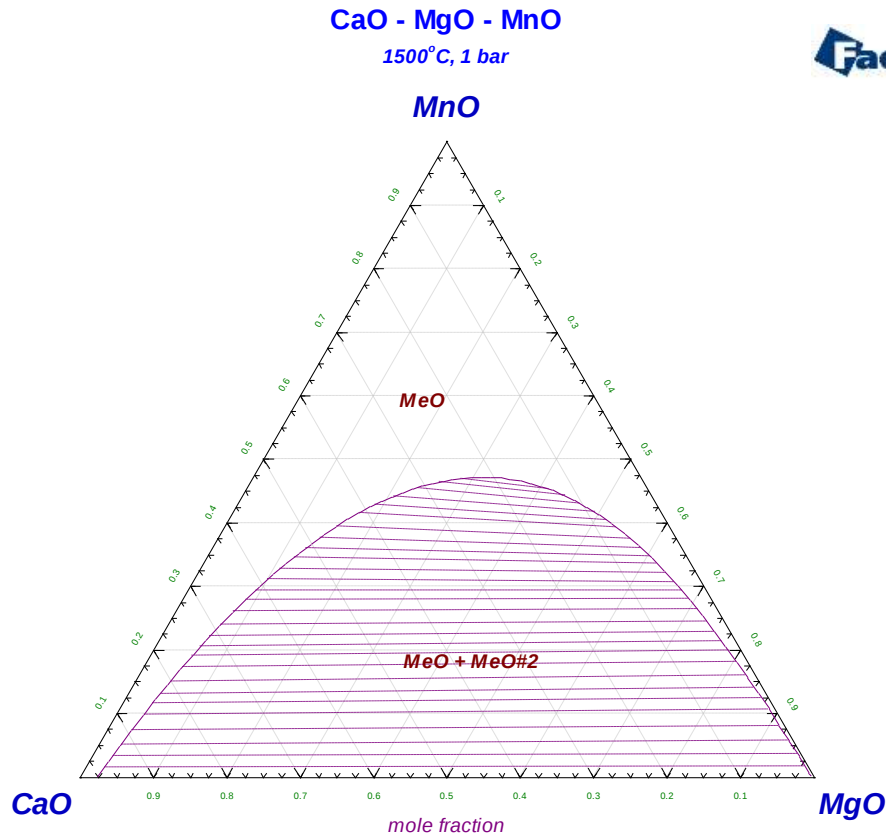
CaO

percent by weight

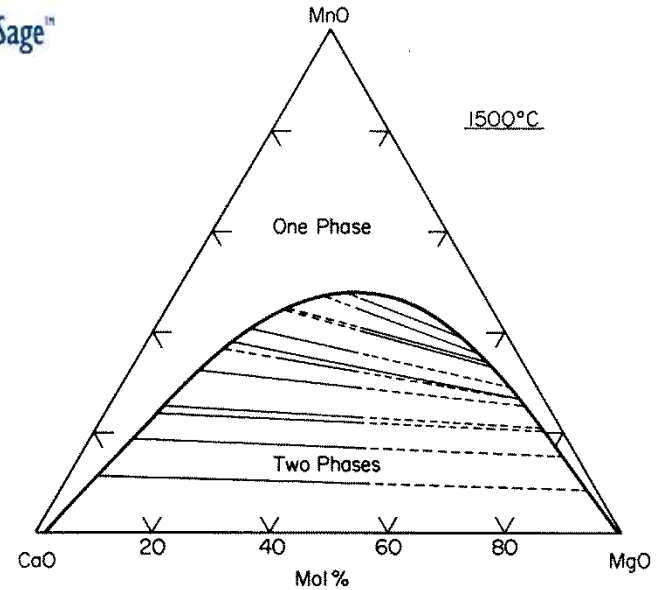
FeO



The CaO-MgO-MnO ternary system



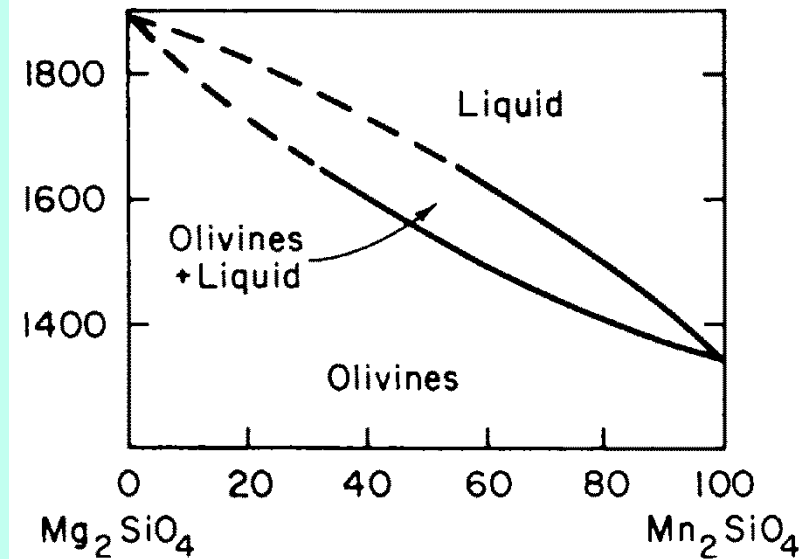
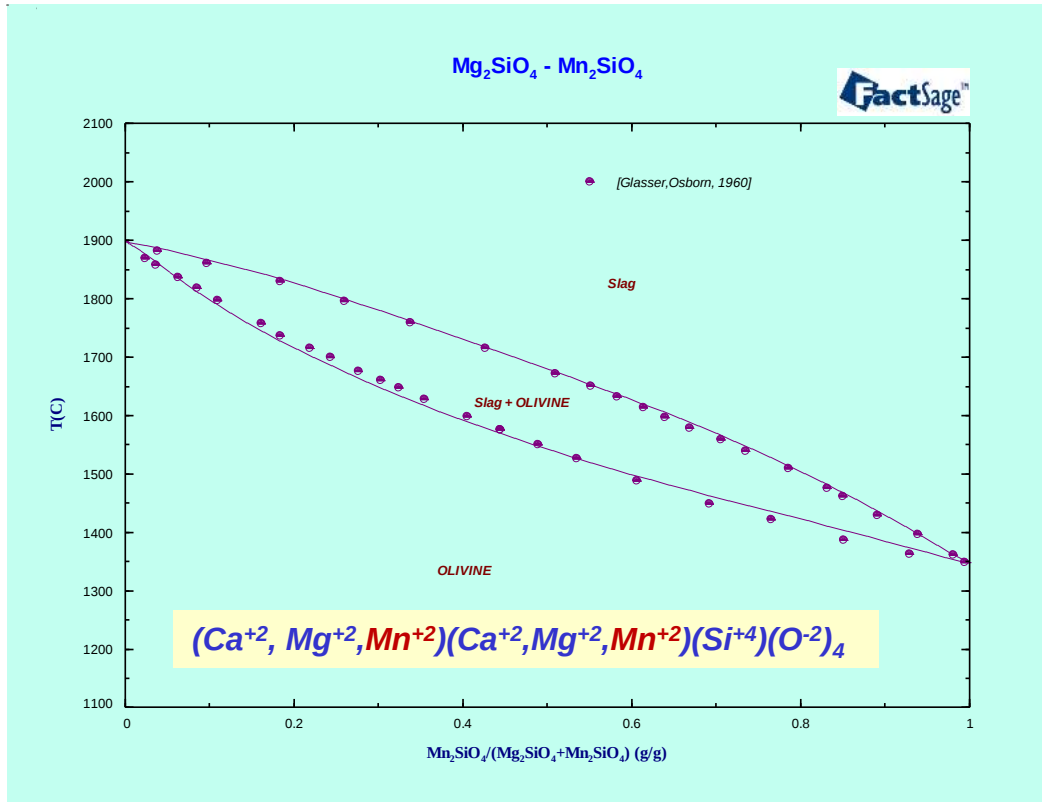
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E. Woermann, A. Muan, Mat. Res. Bull. 5 [10], (1970), pp. 779-788.

Isoplethal orthosilicate section Mg_2SiO_4 - Mn_2SiO_4

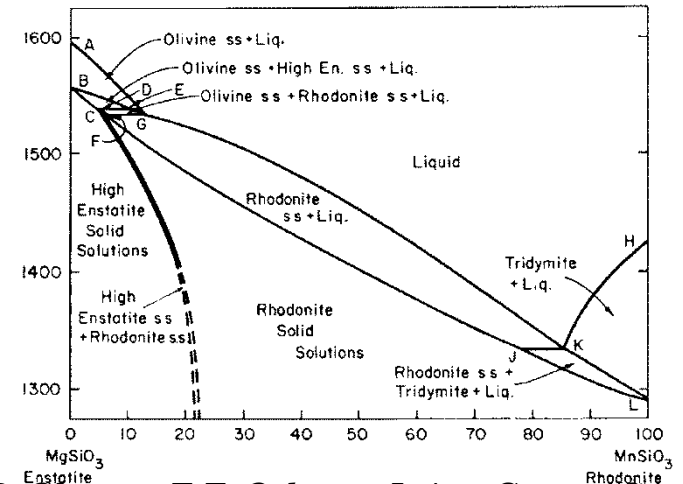
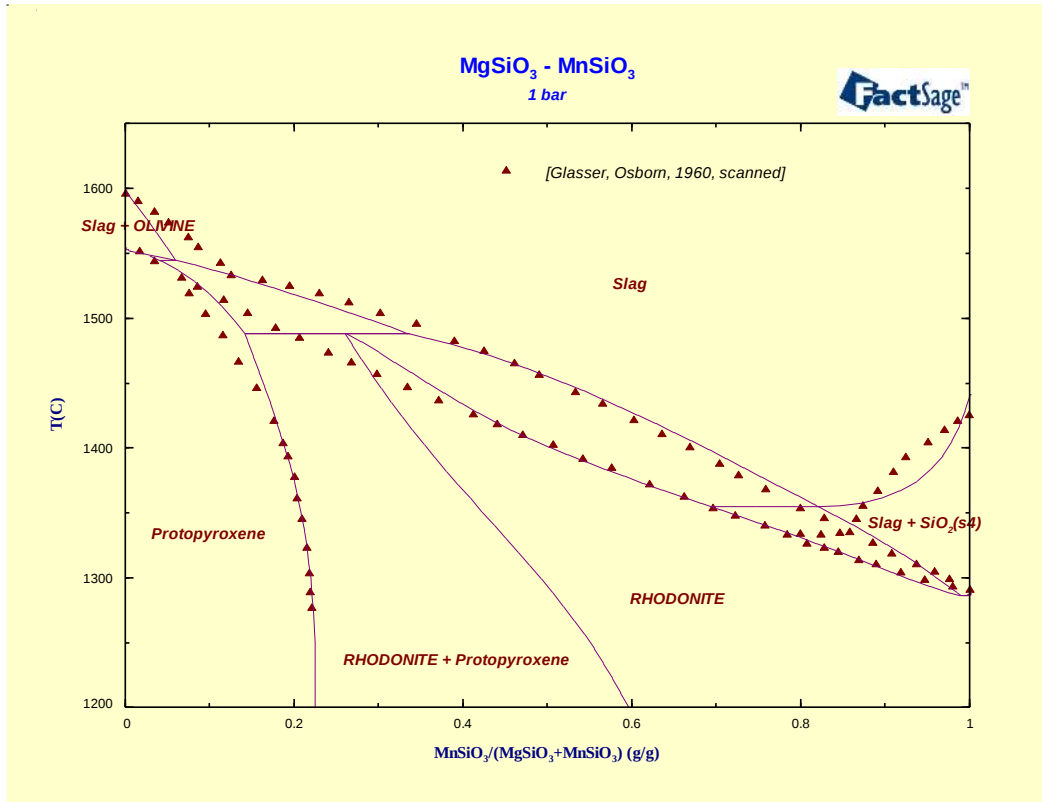
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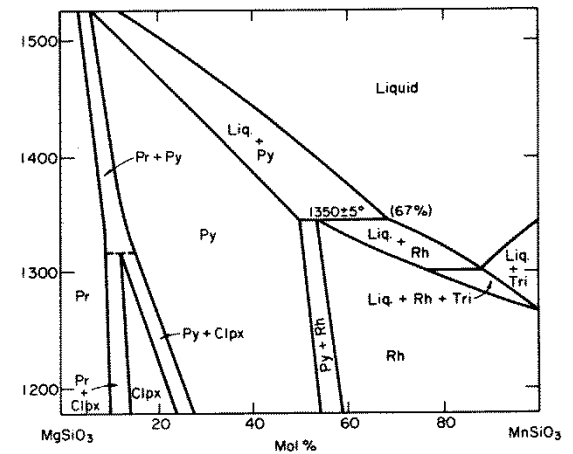
F.P. Glasser, E.F. Osborn, J. Am. Ceram. Soc., 43 [3], (1960), pp. 132-140.

Isoplethal metasilicate section $\text{MgSiO}_3\text{-MnSiO}_3$

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F.P. Glasser, E.F. Osborn, J. Am. Ceram. Soc., 43 [3], (1960), pp. 132-140.



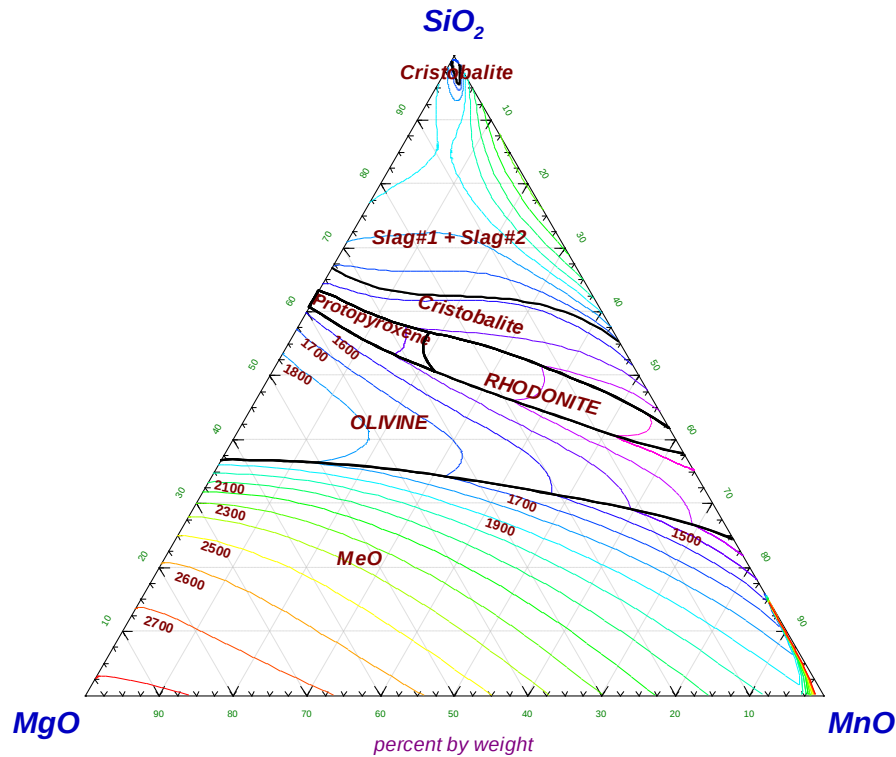
J. Ito, Am. Mineral., 57 [5-6], (1972), pp.865-876.



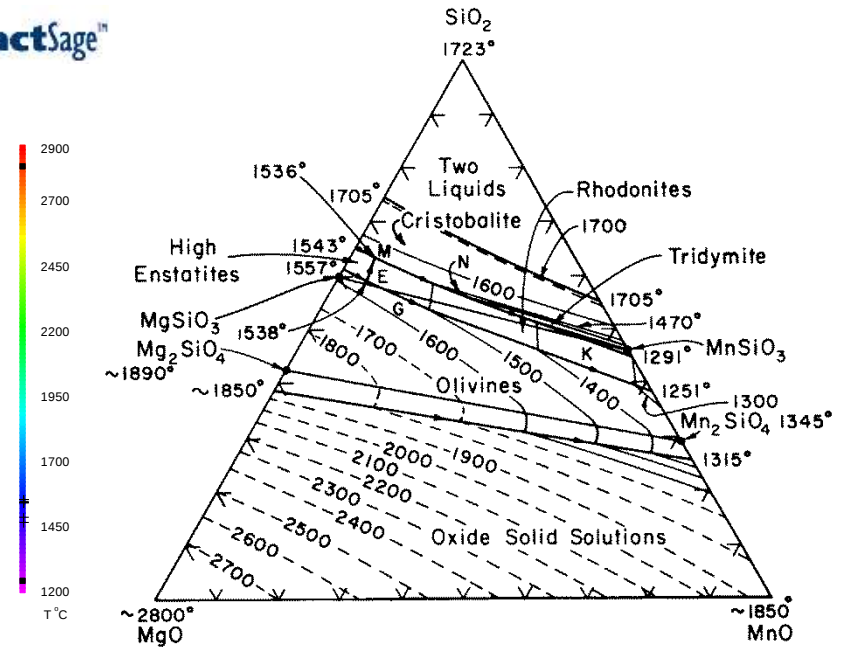
Liquidus surface in MgO-MnO-SiO₂

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MgO - MnO - SiO₂
Projection (Slag), 1 bar



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F.P. Glasser, E.F. Osborn, J. Am. Ceram. Soc., 43 [3], (1960), pp. 132-140.



Conclusions

- The liquid phase in all subsystems was evaluated using associate species model,
- All systems were assessed using experimental phase diagram information.
- The 3 solid solution phases containing S (Oldhamite, Ninningerite and Troilite-HT) were incorporated.
- MnO_x has so far been integrated into the reduced core system $\text{CaO-MgO-Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-CrO}_x\text{-FeO-Fe}_2\text{O}_3\text{-SiO}_2$. All binary and 3 ternary systems were described.
- The stoichiometric phases MnSiO_3 , Mn_2SiO_4 and $\text{Mn}_7\text{SiO}_{12}$ were incorporated. The solubility ranges of 8 solid solution phases containing Mn (such as Cubic-Spinel, Tetragonal-Spinel, Bixbyte, Olivine, Rhodonite, Protoproxene, Monoxide and Corundum) were described using the sublattice model.



Future developments

$\text{MeS-MeSO}_4\text{-MeO}$

Ternaries with MnO_x and
Oxide Database
($\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-CaO-CrO}_x\text{-FeO}_x\text{-}$
 $\text{K}_2\text{O-MgO-Na}_2\text{O-SiO}_2$)



Thanks for your attention !

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