



# Using Computational Thermochemistry in Metallurgical Plants

# Contents



- General issues concerning the use of FACTSAGE
- Several practical examples

# General



- General FACTSAGE approach:
  - Fit full (multi-component) system
  - Present results in phase diagrams etc.
- Industry wants:
  - Focus on limited compositional ranges
  - Results in terms of grade/degree of conversion

More process minded vs. reaction minded

  - Mass and heat balance

# General



- Metallurgical systems
  - Multi-component systems
  - Multi-phase “but not that many”

# General



- Possible and risky use of FACTSAGE:
- Enter your chemical elements:
- Fe, Si, Al, Mg, Ca, Ti, P, Mn, C, O, H (multi-component)
- Only the default databases etc.
- Pure condensed phases ('many' multi-phase)

# General



- At least investigate a sample of the material:
  - 1) XRD phase identification
  - 2) Optical microscopy
  - 3) Microprobe analysis / EDS

# Examples

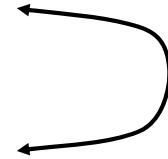


- Blast furnace slag (liquidus temperature)
- Converter slag (3 times):
  - Lining attack (chemical)
  - Liquidus temperature
  - Free CaO
- Slag washing (lining protection; physical)
- Sinter process (prediction of phase composition)

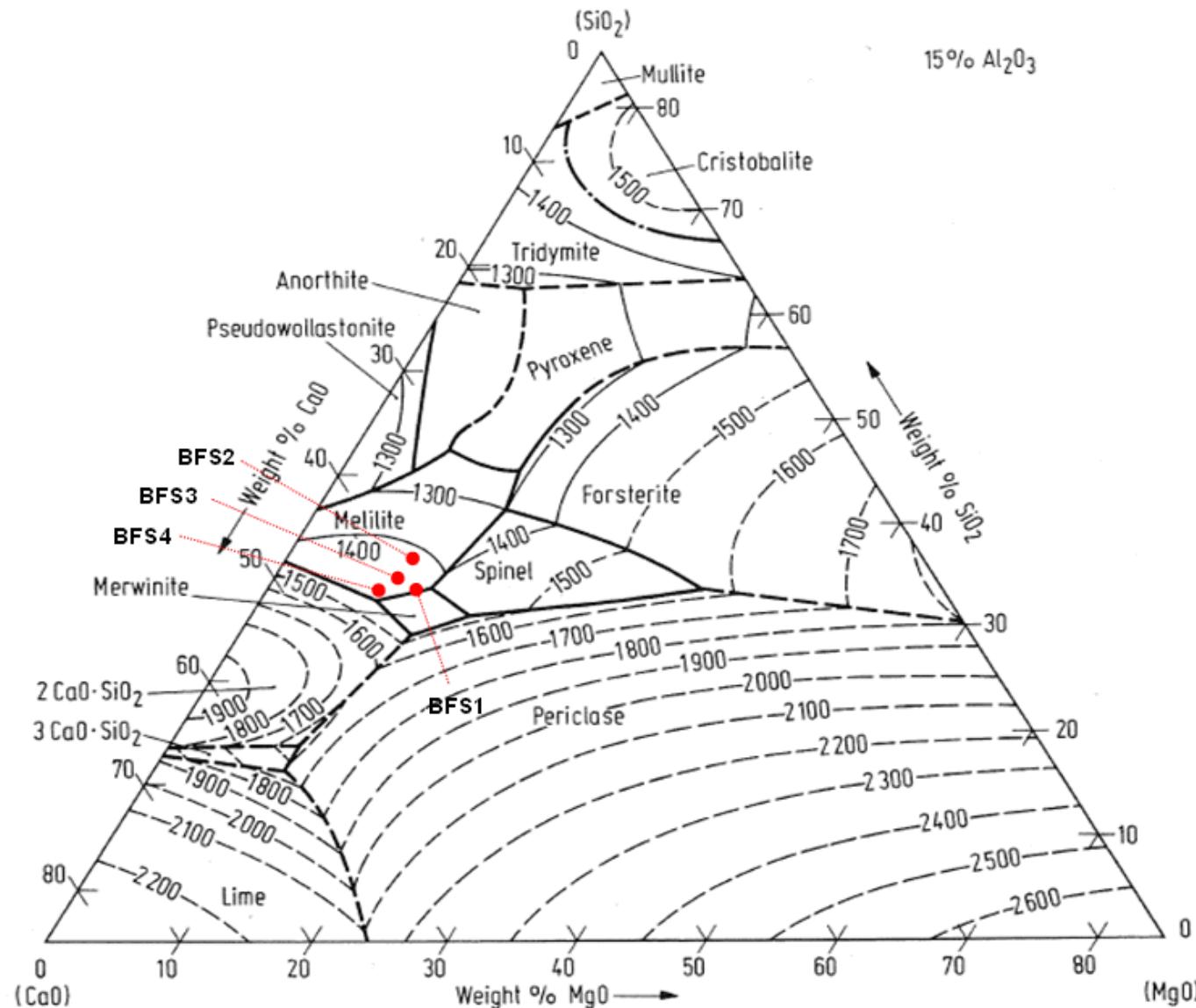
# Blast furnace slag



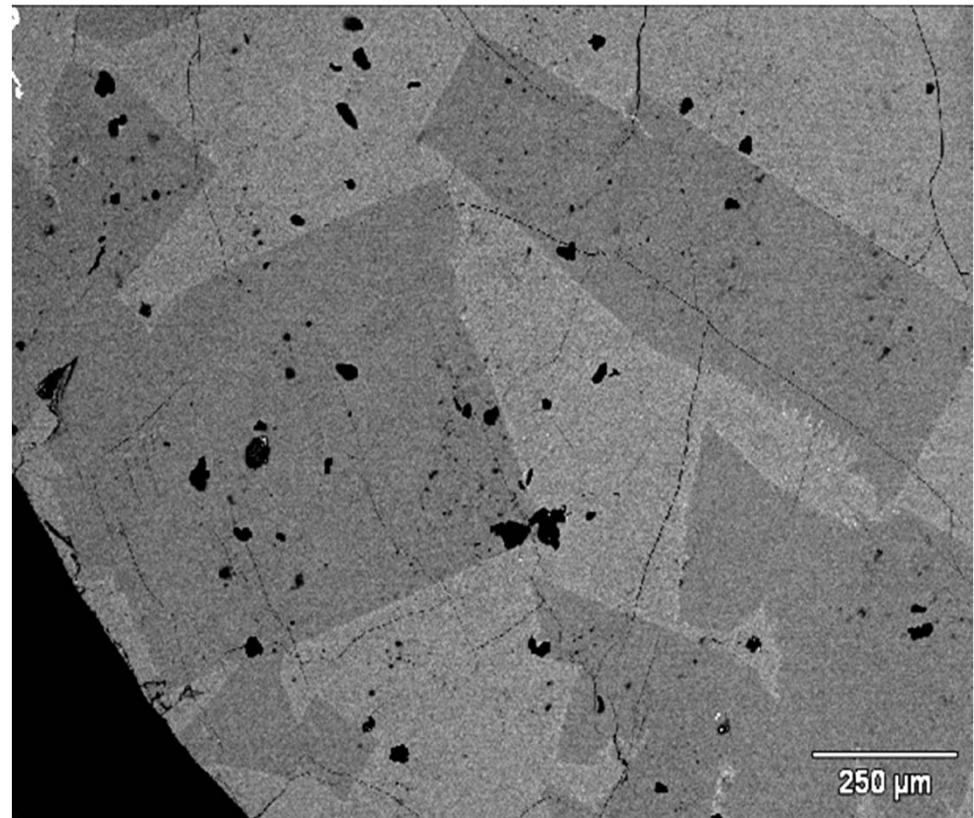
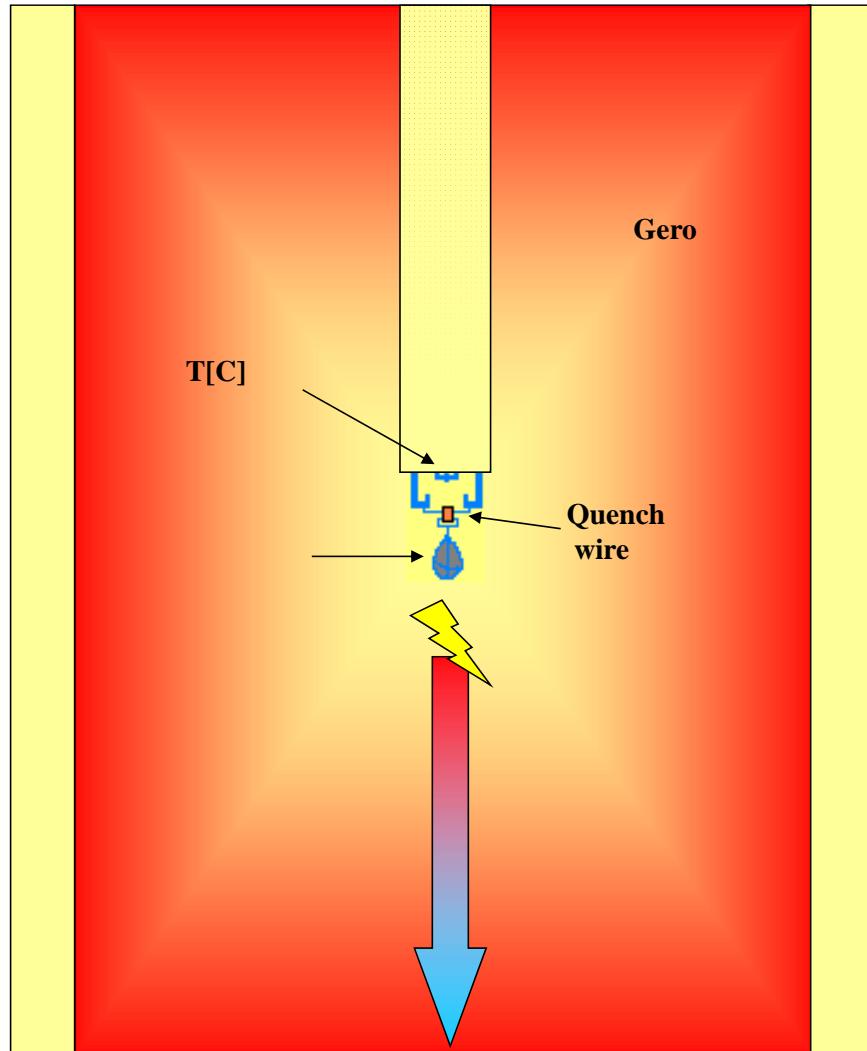
- Ex iron ore
- FeO nothing left
- SiO<sub>2</sub>
- CaO added to neutralise the silica
- Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- MgO added for refractory protection



# Blast furnace slag



# Blast furnace slag



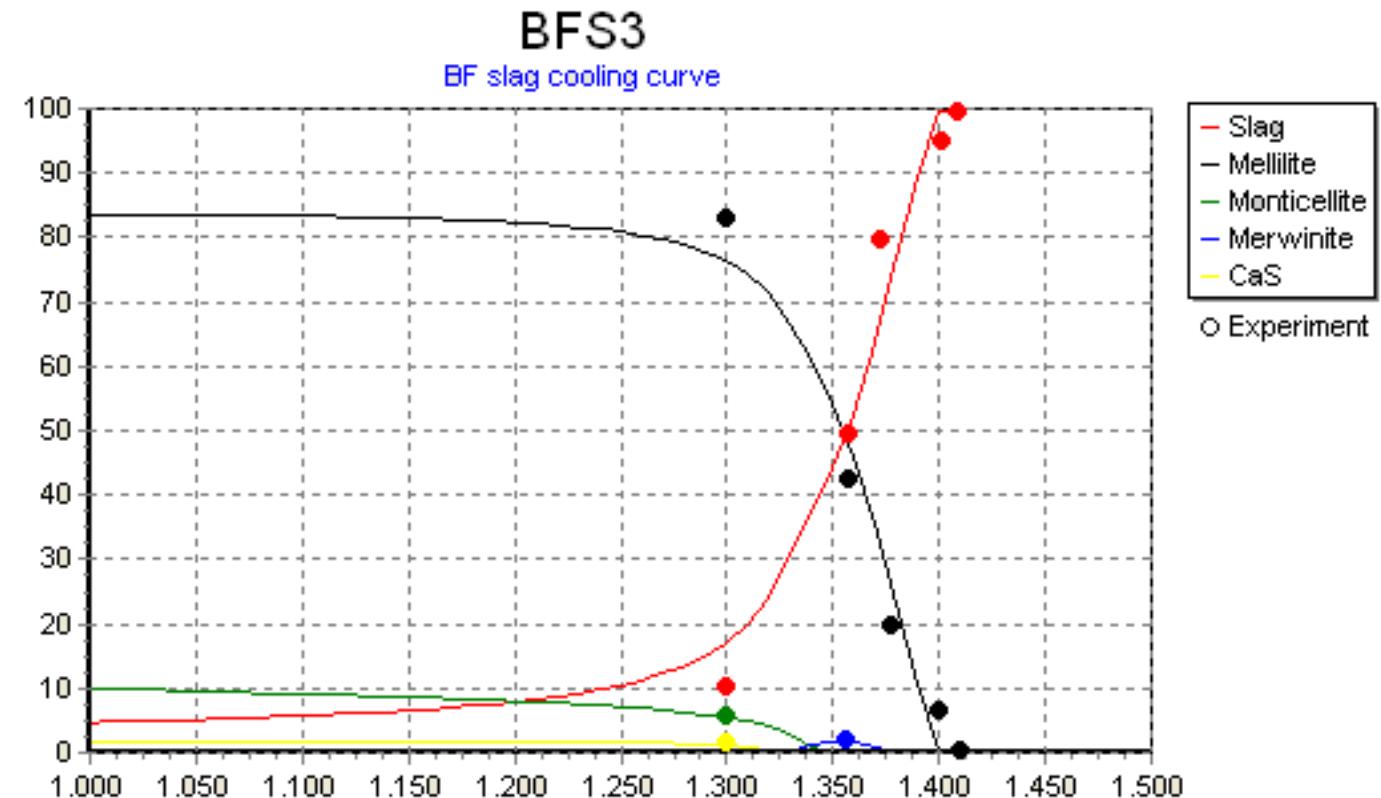
# Blast furnace slag



Mass fraction of crystals observed?

100% \*Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>% in slag = x\*Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> in crystal + (100-x) \* Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> in liquid

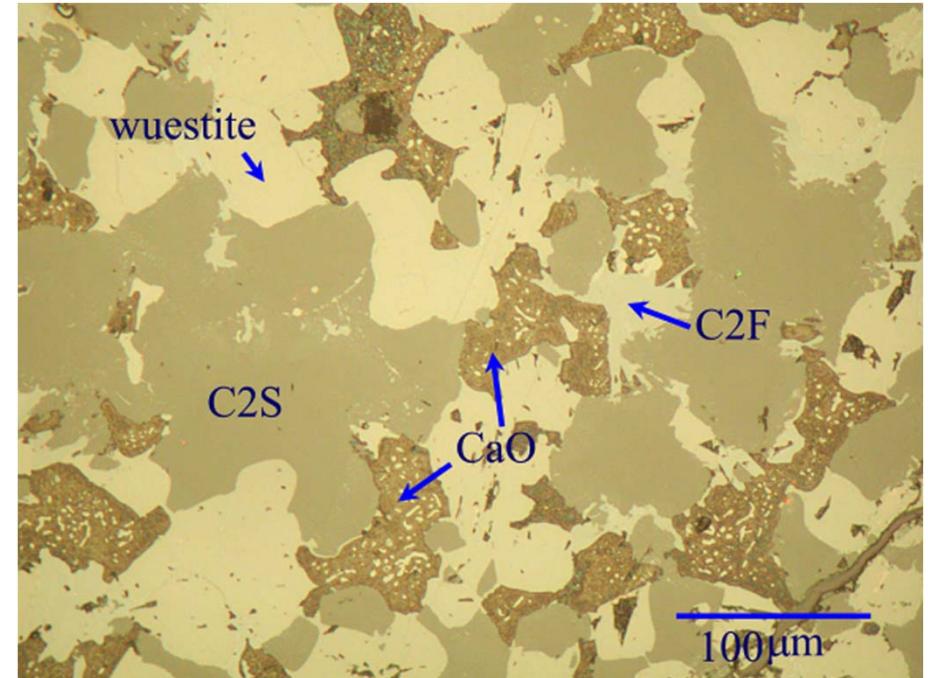
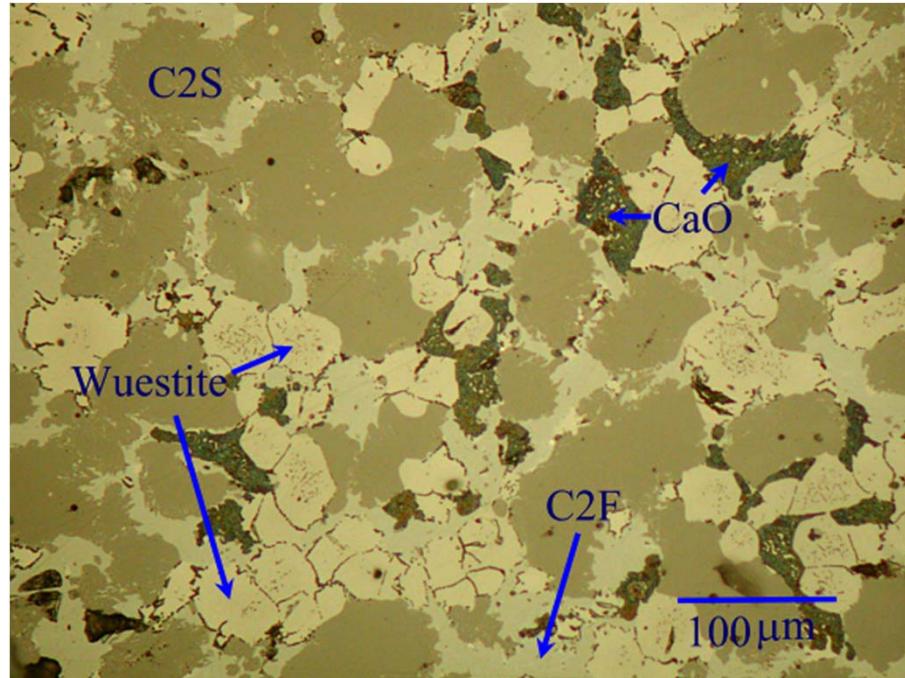
For all components □ optimise



# Blast furnace slag

- Need some minor adaptations of G(phase)  
or allow some systematic error which is NOT accepted
- Use full chemical analysis
- Prepare cst file within FACTSAGE
- Write dedicated software (e.g. in Delphi)
- Use ChemApp.dll (with saved cst file)

# Converter slag

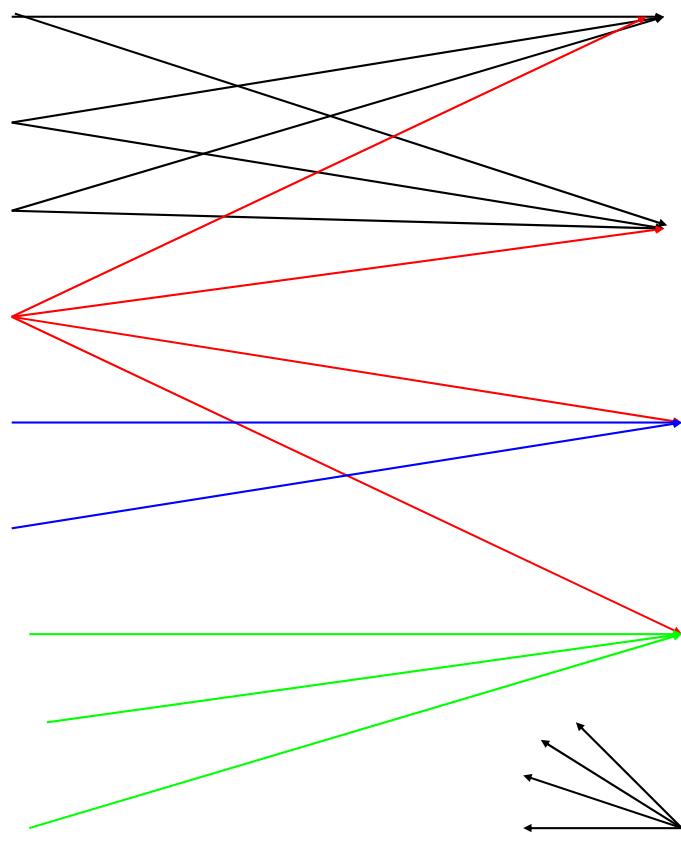


Components (9):  $\text{FeO}$ ,  $\text{MnO}$ ,  $\text{MgO}$ ,  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$ ,  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{TiO}_2$

# Converter slag

- Components:

- FeO
- MnO
- MgO
- CaO
- SiO<sub>2</sub>
- P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>
- Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- TiO<sub>2</sub>



## Phases:

MgO wustite (MgO, FeO, MnO, CaO)

free CaO (CaO, MnO, FeO, MgO)

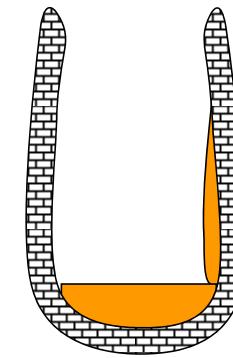
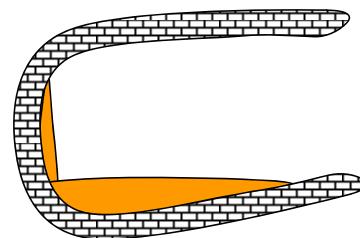
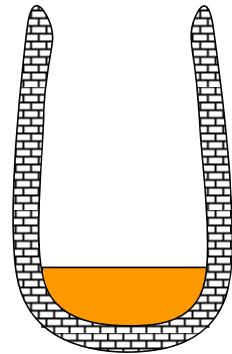
silicate (Ca<sub>2</sub>(Si, P)O<sub>4</sub>)

ferrite (Ca<sub>2</sub>(Fe, Al, Ti)<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>)

slag (liquid)

# Slag washing

- Purpose: protective slag layer on top of refractory



- Enhance life-time converter

Key issue: viscosity □ S/L ratio

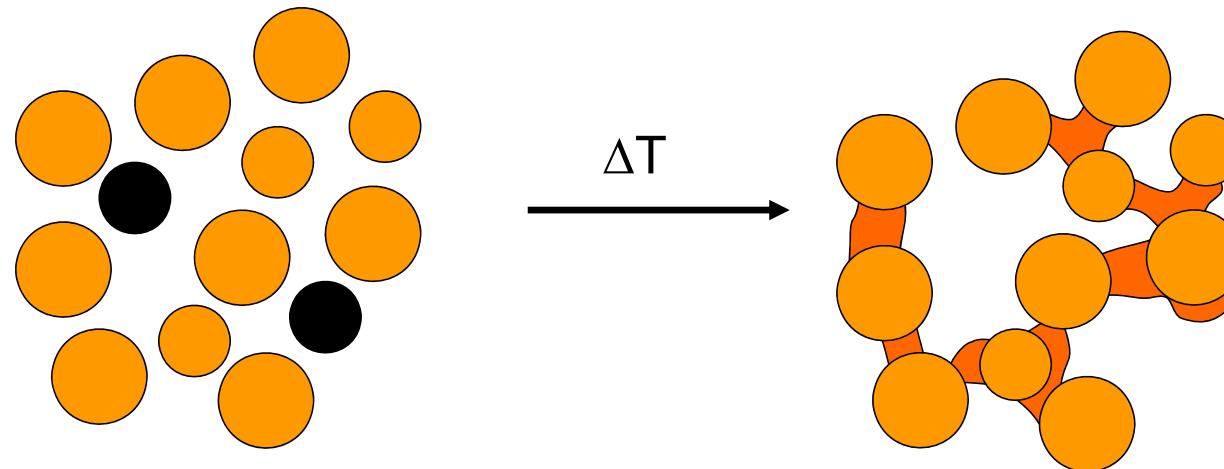


# Slag washing

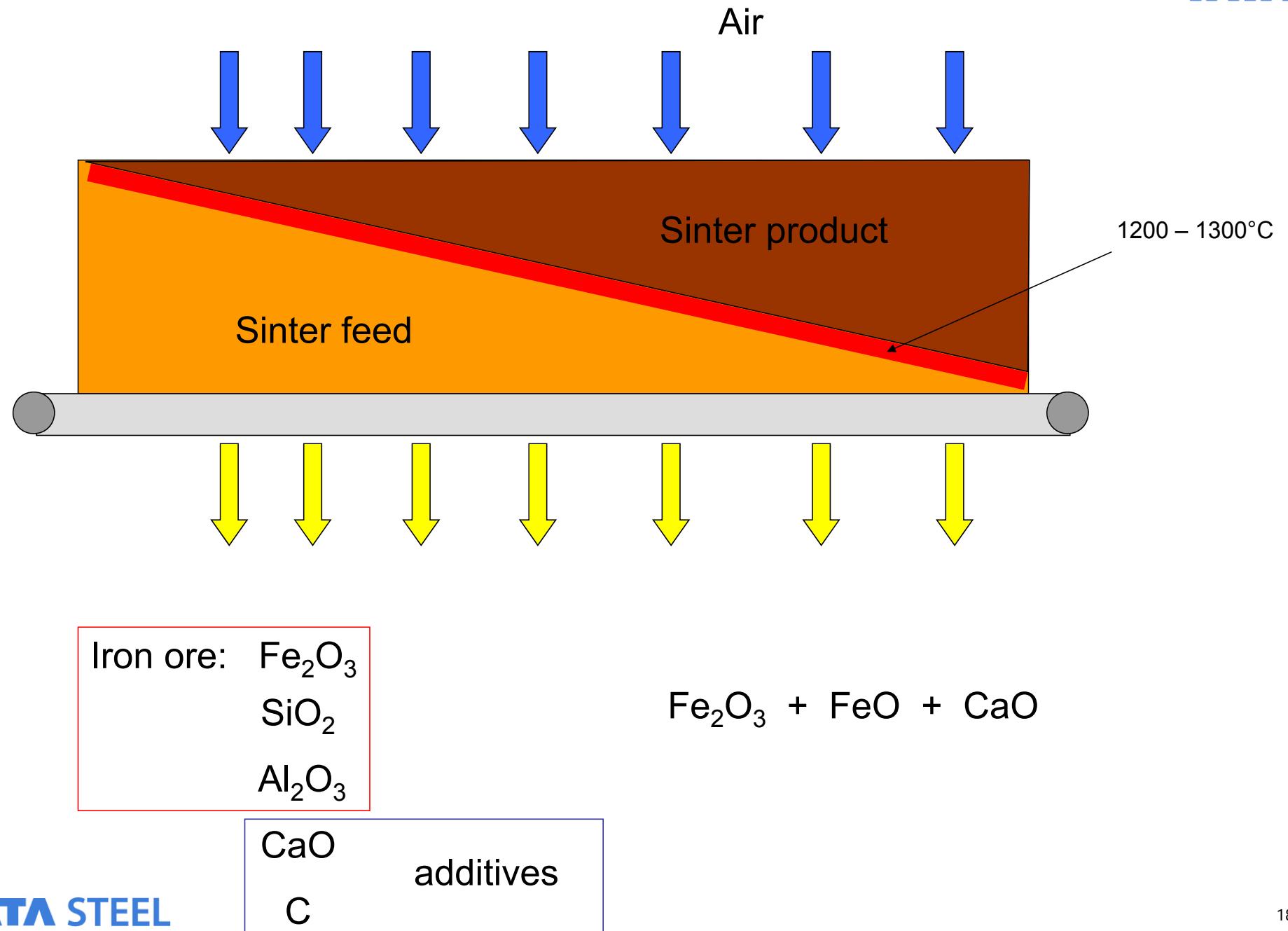
- Simple control: Temperature      desired S/L ratio
- Add cool slag to decrease T to the right level
- Heat balance calculation (data ex FACTSAGE)

# Sinter process

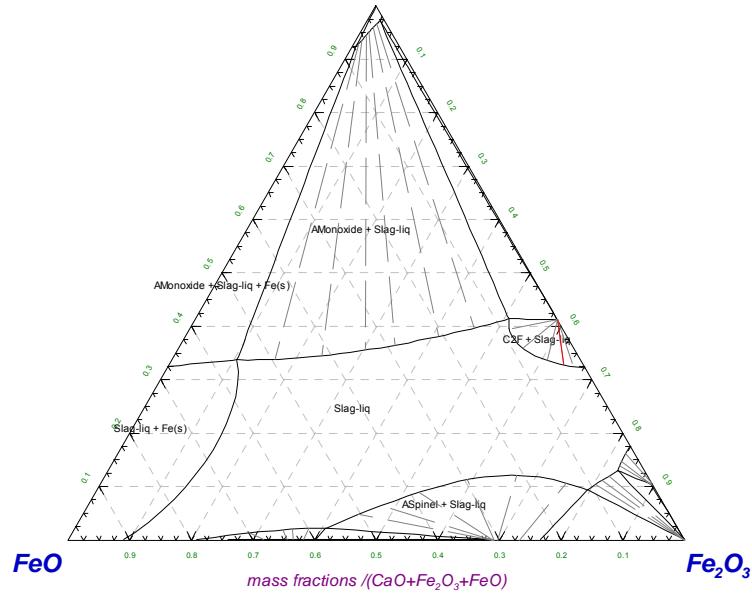
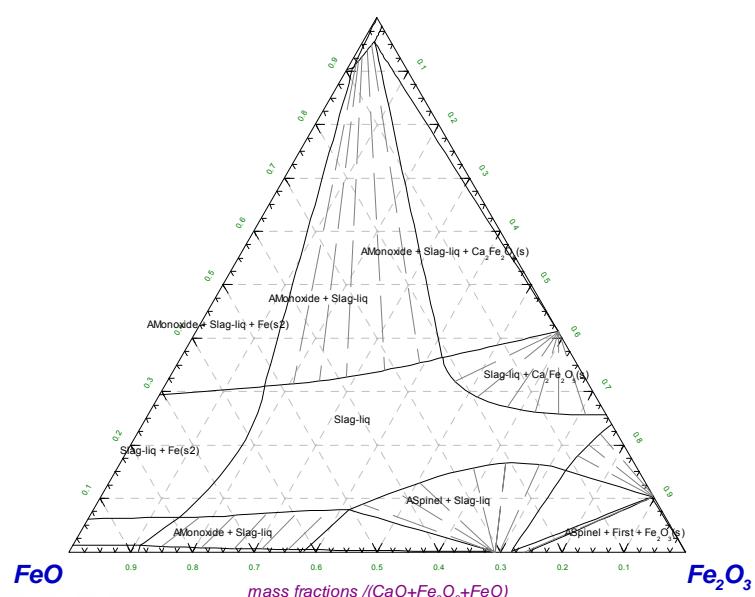
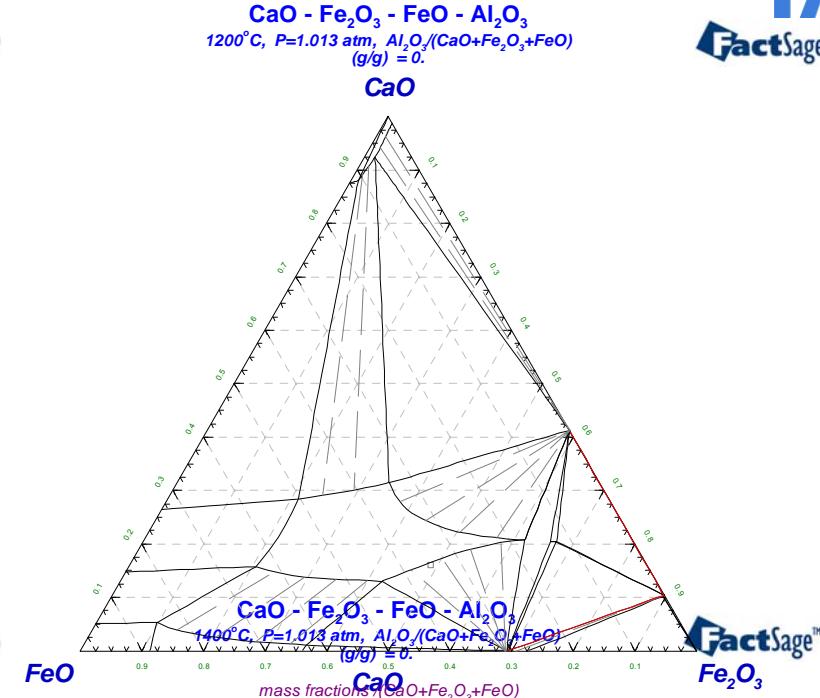
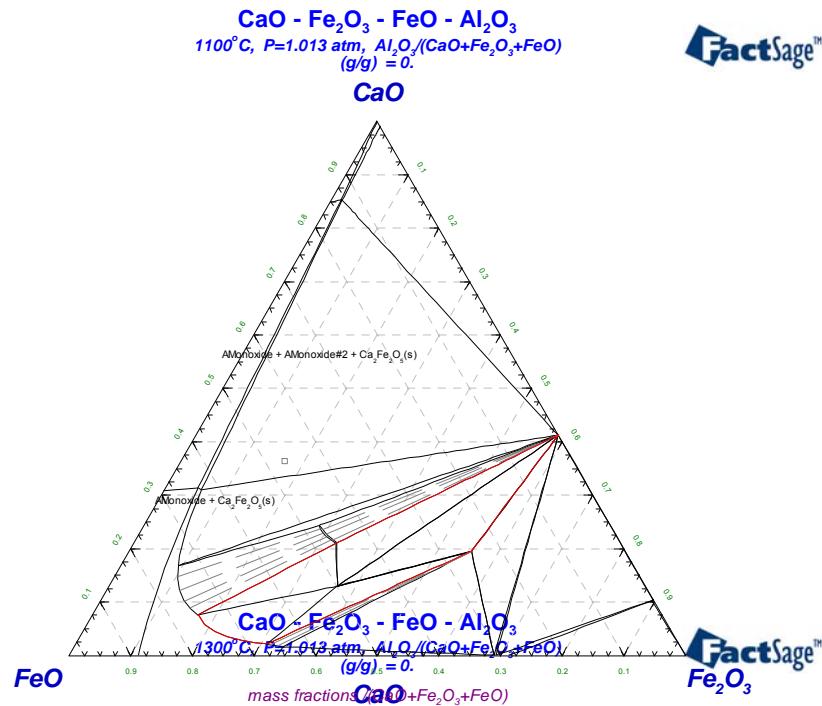
- Input preparation for blast furnace
- Dust/ fine ore  Lumps



# Sinter process



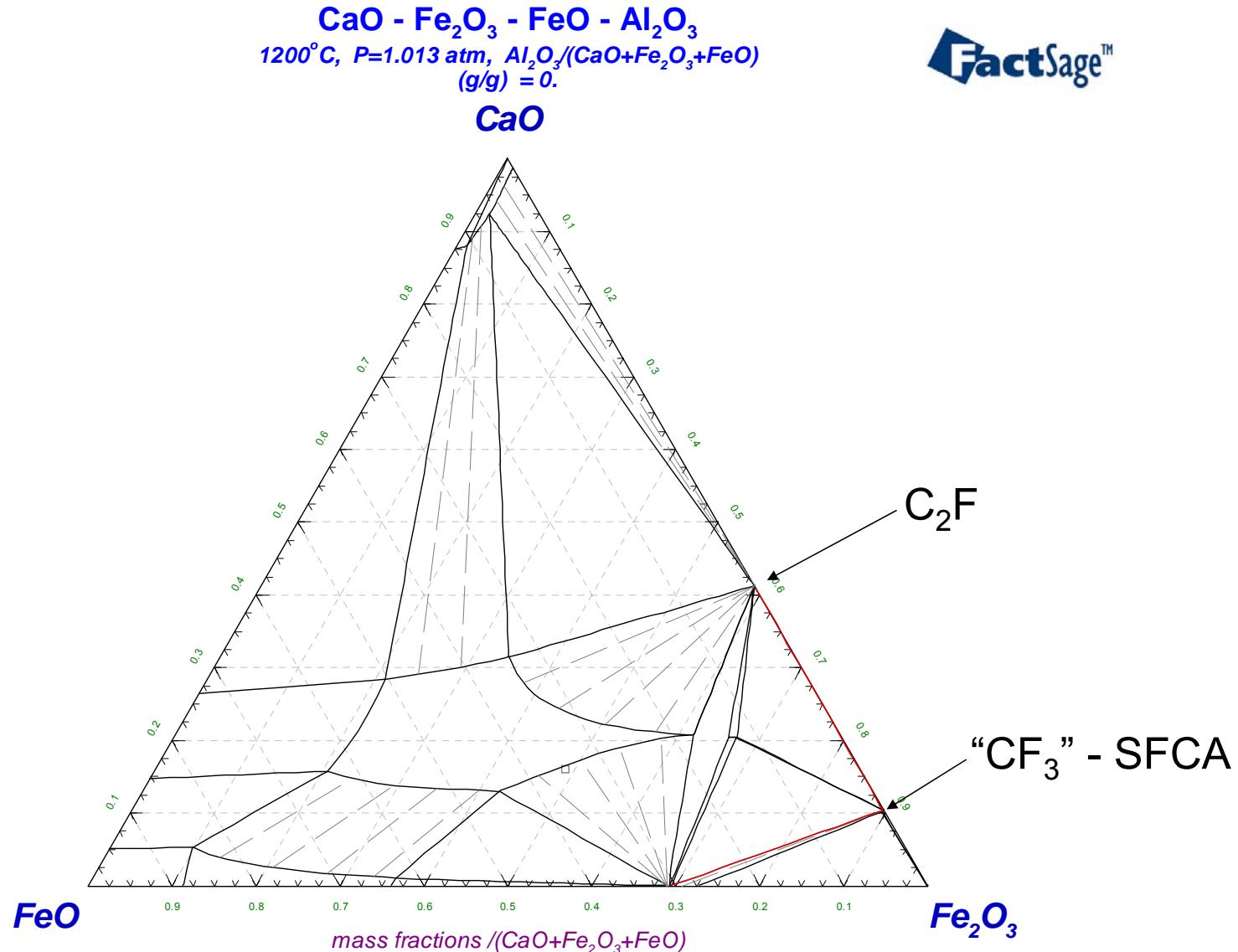
# Sinter process



# Sinter process



FactSage™



# How to model

*Thermodynamics == FACT*

*NOT by using the interactive FactSage interface*

*Step 1. Organise data needed      in FactSage !*

*Step 2. Make sub-database      in FactSage !*

*This case: slag, metal, gas phase*

*Step 3. Use ChemApp.dll instead*